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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS  
EASTERN DIVISION

WENDY B. DOLIN, Individually and as	)	
Independent Executor of the Estate of	)	
STEWART DOLIN, deceased,	)	
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	No. 12 CV 6403
	)	
SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORPORATION,	)	Chicago, Illinois
d/b/a GLAXOSMITHKLINE, a Pennsylvania	)	
Corporation,	)	
	)	March 21, 2017
Defendant.	)	1:20 p.m.

VOLUME 5-B

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM T. HART, and a Jury

APPEARANCES:

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10 [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]  
11 [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

12 (Proceedings heard in open court. Jury in.)

13 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, ladies and  
14 gentlemen. Please be seated. We'll resume.

15 Doctor, please.

16 You may proceed.

17 MR. WISNER: Thank you, your Honor.

18 DAVID ROSS, PLAINTIFF'S WITNESS, PREVIOUSLY SWORN

19 DIRECT EXAMINATION (Resumed)

20 BY MR. WISNER:

21 Q. All right. Dr. Ross, do you have an opinion about whether  
22 or not the labeling for GSK's Paxil was adequate as it relates  
23 to adult suicide?

24 A. Can -- the Paxil label from when it was approved?

25 Q. Yes.

1 A. Okay. I do.

2 Q. And do you have opinion about how that label existed  
3 starting in 1992?

4 A. I do.

5 Q. What is your opinion about that label, Doctor?

6 A. It was falsely misleading at the time, and it remains so  
7 to the current day.

8 Q. Why do you believe that the label as it first entered the  
9 market in 1992 was both false and misleading?

10 A. So the statute says that misbranding as if the label is  
11 false or misleading in any particular, the particular here is  
12 that for adults is that the label doesn't tell prescribers or  
13 patients that starting from the time of approval, the data  
14 showed and the company knew that the chances of an adult  
15 getting Paxil resulting in suicidal behavior, that is, an  
16 attempt to kill oneself or actually killing oneself, was  
17 significantly greater in people exposed to Paxil versus those  
18 who weren't.

19 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. He said  
20 prescriber or patients. The label goes to the prescriber.  
21 It's been the subject of a motion in limine about the duty to  
22 warn.

23 THE COURT: You can cover that on cross-examination.

24 BY MR. WISNER:

25 Q. Have you reviewed suicide data submitted by GSK in 1991

1 prior to Paxil approval?

2 A. I have.

3 Q. And generally, what percentage of patients taking Paxil  
4 versus patients not taking Paxil experienced suicidal behavior  
5 or even committed suicide?

6 A. Talking about just to clarify, the numbers given to the  
7 FDA or what really happened?

8 Q. What really happened.

9 A. What really happened was the proportion of patients who  
10 attempted suicide or actually succeeded in killing themselves  
11 was about roughly 1.4 percent in people exposed to Paxil  
12 compared to something less than 0.2 percent.

13 Q. And in the suicide report, did you look at the numbers  
14 that they put forward there?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. And would you recognize that suicide report if you saw it  
17 today?

18 A. I would.

19 Q. Can you turn in your binder quickly to Page -- I'm sorry,  
20 Plaintiff's Exhibit 82. Are you there?

21 A. I am.

22 Q. All right. What is Plaintiff's Exhibit 82?

23 A. This is a letter from the director of regulatory affairs  
24 at GlaxoSmithKline's predecessor company to the division --  
25 the director of the division that was reviewing the Paxil NDA.

1 Q. And if you look on the back of that letter, is there a  
2 1991 suicide report?

3 A. I'm sorry. The back of the letter?

4 Q. If you turn the page a couple of pages attached to the  
5 letter.

6 A. Yes, there is.

7 MR. WISNER: Okay. Great. Your Honor, permission to  
8 publish. This has already been shown to the jury.

9 THE COURT: I have -- we're on Exhibit 82; is that  
10 right?

11 MR. WISNER: Yes. Plaintiff's Exhibit 82.

12 THE COURT: And I have some material on the back  
13 page, but I don't see any data.

14 MR. WISNER: Okay. If you look at Exhibit 82, your  
15 Honor --

16 THE COURT: Look at 82. Yes.

17 MR. WISNER: Okay. And you have a letter right  
18 there. Do you see that?

19 THE COURT: I have the letter.

20 MR. WISNER: And it's dated May 10th, 1991.

21 THE COURT: Correct.

22 MR. WISNER: Okay. Now, if you turn a couple of  
23 pages past the weird obscured page --

24 THE COURT: This takes me to 85. It doesn't take me  
25 anywhere else.

1 MR. WISNER: Oh, you only have one page?

2 THE COURT: That's right.

3 MR. WISNER: Oh, I'm sorry, your Honor. Let me get  
4 you a full copy of that. May I approach, your Honor?

5 THE COURT: Yes.

6 MR. WISNER: I apologize, your Honor. Permission to  
7 publish the document to the jury.

8 THE COURT: Yes.

9 MR. WISNER: Thank you.

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. So Doctor, we're looking at the 1991 report here. Do you  
12 see that?

13 A. I do.

14 Q. Okay. And if you turn through it, there's a page Table 1  
15 that lists out suicides. Do you see that?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. Okay. Is there also a table in here that lists out  
18 suicide attempts?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Okay. If you turn to the next page, we're going to look  
21 at the suicide attempts right here.

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Do you see that? Now, this has that 6 number right there  
24 of placebo suicide attempts. Do you see that?

25 A. Yes.

1 Q. Again, did six suicide attempts occur in the placebo arm?

2 A. No.

3 Q. And anywhere in the suicide report, does it disclose that  
4 certain number of those actually occurred in the washout  
5 period?

6 A. No, it does not talk about that at all.

7 Q. Okay. All right. Now, putting aside the placebo thing  
8 for one second, let's focus on the actual attempted suicides  
9 here. We have 40 suicides. Do you see that?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. What does that 1.3 right there mean?

12 A. So that is --

13 MR. BAYMAN: Excuse me. You said suicides. It's 40  
14 suicide attempts. Objection.

15 BY MR. WISNER:

16 Q. I apologize. 40 suicide attempts.

17 A. So that's the percentage you get when you divide 40 by the  
18 denominator of 2,963.

19 Q. And what does that 1.3 mean?

20 A. So that means that of those 2,963 patients who got Paxil,  
21 1.3 percent of them attempted to kill themselves.

22 Q. Now, under FDA regulations as they existed in 1992, with a  
23 1.3 percent incident rate of suicide attempts, was there a  
24 requirement that GSK list suicide attempts as a frequent  
25 adverse event on the label?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. Have you looked at the label for '92?

3 A. Yes, I have.

4 Q. Turn to Exhibit 48, Plaintiff's Exhibit 48.

5 A. Okay.

6 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. This is not in  
7 his expert report, so note my objection.

8 MR. WISNER: He's discussed the adequacy of the label  
9 throughout his expert report. That's not true.

10 MR. BAYMAN: Not in this section, your Honor, he did  
11 not.

12 THE COURT: Proceed.

13 BY MR. WISNER:

14 Q. All right. Doctor, what is the exhibit that we're looking  
15 at here, 48?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. What is it?

18 A. So -- I'm sorry. I just want to make sure I'm looking --  
19 so this is the label that was approved when the drug was  
20 initially approved for sale in the U.S.

21 Q. And is this a document that you relied upon?

22 A. Yes, it is.

23 Q. And talking about it would aid your -- aid you in your  
24 testimony today?

25 A. Yes, it would.

1 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, permission to publish.

2 THE COURT: You may proceed.

3 BY MR. WISNER:

4 Q. All right. So what we have here, Doctor, it's really  
5 small print, but thankfully due to technology, we can magnify  
6 and read some portions. There is a -- let me just ask you,  
7 before I get into it, anywhere in this label, does it warn  
8 about Paxil-induced suicidal behavior over the age of 30?

9 A. No, absolutely not.

10 Q. All right. Let's go into the label. And there's a  
11 section here that's titled "Suicide." Do you see that,  
12 Doctor? I have it blown up here so you can actually read it.

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. Could you just read to the jury what it says?

15 A. "The possibility of a suicide attempt is inherent in  
16 depression and may persist until significant remission  
17 occurs. Close supervision of high-risk patients should  
18 accompany initial drug therapy. Prescriptions for Paxil  
19 should be written for the smallest quantity of tablets  
20 consistent with good patient management in order to  
21 reduce the risk of overdose."

22 Q. Anywhere in that paragraph that you just read for the  
23 jury, does it warn that Paxil can induce a suicide attempt?

24 A. No.

25 Q. What does that paragraph state, in your expert opinion?

1 A. This is the same kind of paragraph that you would see in  
2 any antidepressant. Paxil happens to be filled in. It's  
3 almost like there's a template and they've written in "Paxil."  
4 You would see similar language, I think, for any  
5 antidepressant that was on the market at that point.

6 Q. It says, "suicide attempt is inherent in depression." Do  
7 you see that?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Is that what the data that GSK had at the time showed?

10 A. Not -- I --

11 Q. What did it show?

12 A. It showed that the suicides, and I'm talking about  
13 completed suicides, people who successfully killed themselves,  
14 there were five in Paxil-exposed patients. There were none in  
15 placebo-controlled, people without placebo.

16 Q. And what about suicide attempts here? It says "suicide  
17 attempts" here. How many were in the Paxil group?

18 A. So in terms of -- it's an interesting question. So  
19 initially, what the company told the FDA was there were 42  
20 suicide attempts. In '91, that decreased down to 40 without  
21 any explanation but it was -- they just told the FDA it was 42  
22 in 1989, and then they removed two of them in 1991.

23 Q. And when you combine both the suicide and the suicide  
24 attempts, you got a risk ratio of what compared to placebo?

25 A. So again, we're talking about what actually happened here,

1 not the numbers that the company gave the FDA. And the  
2 increase in risk, what we call the odds ratio, was about  
3 almost nine-fold for suicides plus suicide attempts.

4 Q. Now, you're a general practitioner.

5 A. Well, general internist.

6 Q. Sorry, general internist. Apologies. Based on that --  
7 the experience as that kind of physician, when you read this  
8 statement about suicide, does it in any way suggest to you  
9 that this drug can induce a suicidal behavior?

10 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor, no foundation.  
11 And the witness has testified he's never prescribed an SSRI,  
12 so I think this is -- it's improper, and there's no foundation.

13 THE COURT: Overruled.

14 BY THE WITNESS:

15 A. So just to clarify, I take care of patients who have  
16 depression, and I do prescribe antidepressants. So one thing  
17 I have to consider in my prescribing decisions is what drug do  
18 I want to use. If I saw a nine-fold increase in the risk for  
19 suicide, I would stay away from that drug.

20 BY MR. WISNER:

21 Q. Fair enough. But we look at this paragraph, does it say  
22 anything about Paxil inducing suicide at all?

23 A. No.

24 Q. Does it -- does it suggest that actually that if there's  
25 any suicidality, it's the underlying depression and not the

1 drug?

2 A. That's how I read it.

3 Q. So if you see this warning, and let's say you have a  
4 patient who starts experiencing suicidality, would you  
5 increase the dose to hopefully reduce the depression?

6 A. I very well might.

7 Q. Now, if you had known that the drug has a nine-time  
8 chance -- nine times percent -- nine times increase in the  
9 chance of inducing suicidal behavior, would you increase the  
10 dose then?

11 A. Absolutely not.

12 Q. All right. Let's go to the second page of the label,  
13 Doctor. And I want to focus in on a section of the label down  
14 here. I'll pop it out for everybody. It says, "Other events  
15 observed during the pre-marketing evaluation of Paxil."

16 What does that mean, Doctor? Sorry. It's not --  
17 it's cut off.

18 A. Sure. Okay. So other events -- I'm sorry. I want to  
19 just make sure -- so "other" refers to other sections of the  
20 label that have been -- or other adverse events that have been  
21 described elsewhere in the label. So these are things that  
22 are included in the warnings or are frequent adverse events.

23 Q. Okay. So let's break this out. Pre-marketing evaluation  
24 of Paxil, what's that referring to?

25 A. That's the studies on the drug.

1 Q. And that's before it got approved?

2 A. Correct.

3 Q. Okay. It goes on to say:

4 "During its pre-marketing assessment, multiple doses  
5 of Paxil were administered to 4,126 patients in Phase 2  
6 and Phase 3 studies. The conditions and duration of  
7 exposure to Paxil varied greatly and included, in  
8 overlapping categories, open and double-blind studies,  
9 uncontrolled and controlled studies, inpatient and  
10 outpatient studies, and fixed-dose and titration  
11 studies."

12 Do you see that?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. So what sort of data is being used to generate this section  
15 of the label?

16 A. So during the clinical trials, data is collected on  
17 depression and on various adverse events. And so at the end  
18 of the trial, they un-blind the trial if it's a blinded trial  
19 and say, which patient was taking which drug, and they count  
20 up how many adverse events occurred in how many patients, like  
21 how many patients had nausea, how many patients had an  
22 upset -- or headache, that sort of thing.

23 Q. And this says uncontrolled, double-blind. Does this  
24 exclude any type of data that's collected?

25 A. Not from what I read here.

1 Q. So when we looked earlier at that chart that had 40  
2 suicide attempts, do you remember that?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. That's data collected from all the same studies that's  
5 listed here, right?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And in that chart that they submitted, there was an  
8 increased risk -- what was the incident rate again? It was 1  
9 point what? I forgot.

10 A. 1.4 percent.

11 Q. Okay. So it goes on to say here:

12 "Untoward events associated with this exposure were  
13 recorded by clinical investigators using terminology of  
14 their own choosing. Consequently, it is not possible to  
15 provide a meaningful estimate of the proportion of  
16 individuals experiencing adverse events without first  
17 grouping similar types of untoward events into a smaller  
18 number of standardized event categories."

19 What does that mean in simple terms?

20 A. So the way they ran the trials, different side effects  
21 were called -- or could have been called by different things  
22 at different clinical trial sites. So one investigator could  
23 say, well, this patient has an upset stomach. Another could  
24 say they have nausea.

25 And if you were to just use those terms, you wouldn't

1 get the right number of events. You --instead of you saying,  
2 "We've got two patients with nausea," you'd say, "We've got  
3 one with upset stomach and one with nausea."

4 Q. And so what is it doing here by grouping them together?

5 A. So it is giving you a meaningful, I think -- and this is  
6 standard practice for both the FDA and the industry to say,  
7 let's count like with like.

8 Q. So, for example, in the suicide attempt, if someone were  
9 to jump out of a window or someone were to do an overdose,  
10 although they're two different acts, they both fall into the  
11 same category of a suicide attempt --

12 A. Exactly.

13 Q. -- is that right?

14 A. Exactly.

15 Q. Okay. And in fact, based on the table that we looked at  
16 that had that over 1 percent number, that's what had happened  
17 with those groupings; is that right?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. Okay. All right. It goes on to read:

20 "The tabulations that follow reported adverse events  
21 -- in the tabulations that follow, reported adverse  
22 events were classified using a standard" -- and I'll blow  
23 up the next part -- "COSTART-based dictionary  
24 terminology. The frequencies presented, therefore,  
25 represent the proportion of the 4,126 patients exposed to

1 multiple doses of Paxil who experienced an event of the  
2 type cited on at least one occasion while receiving  
3 Paxil."

4 Do you see that, Doctor?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. Okay. And then let's go to the next paragraph -- what  
7 does that mean? Before I move on, what does that mean?

8 A. Just bring that up again so I can --

9 Q. Oh, sure.

10 A. Sorry.

11 Q. No problem. All right. There we go.

12 A. So COSTART was -- it still exists, but it's essentially a  
13 list of standard terms. So if an investigator says the  
14 patient has nausea, the COSTART term that you use is nausea.  
15 If it's upset stomach, you use nausea. If it's dyspepsia, you  
16 use nausea. So it maps different terms to the same concept.

17 So the frequencies, that is, the number of patients  
18 who have that, had a particular adverse event, are used to  
19 calculate the percentage of all the patients who are exposed  
20 to multiple doses of Paxil, more than one dose of Paxil who  
21 got -- had a side effect under that heading.

22 Q. And isn't it true that "suicide attempt" is a COSTART term?

23 A. That is true.

24 Q. Okay. So if someone were to have had a suicide attempt,  
25 there's no reason because of the dictionary that it wouldn't

1 have been coded as a suicide attempt, right?

2 MR. BAYMAN: Object to the leading, your Honor.

3 THE COURT: Yes, you're leading.

4 MR. WISNER: Fair enough, your Honor. I'll rephrase.

5 BY MR. WISNER:

6 Q. Do you have any opinion about how a coding of a suicide  
7 attempt would be accomplished using the COSTART dictionary?

8 A. Yes. So these represent in general, to the extent  
9 possible, mutually exclusive concepts. If you say that  
10 somebody has nausea, you -- it can't be while they have nausea  
11 because they are having a heart attack, okay, but sometimes  
12 that's a symptom of a heart attack. If it was just nausea,  
13 you put it under nausea. If it was nausea because their heart  
14 wasn't getting enough blood, you would say myocardial  
15 infarction.

16 Q. For the rest of us, a myocardial infarction is --

17 A. A heart attack.

18 Q. Okay. All right. So have you ever heard of the term  
19 "emotional lability"?

20 A. I have.

21 Q. Is that also in the COSTART dictionary?

22 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, objection. I know where  
23 this is going. Dr. Healy's covered it. It was not in his  
24 report. It was not in his testimony. This is now beyond the  
25 scope. And in this label, he has opinions about the 2010

1 label. He's rendered no opinions in his report about the '92  
2 label which wasn't even the label in effect when Mr. Dolin  
3 committed suicide.

4 THE COURT: You may answer.

5 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Could you repeat your  
6 question?

7 BY MR. WISNER:

8 Q. Sure. Are you familiar with the term "emotional lability"?

9 A. I am.

10 Q. Is that a term that's in the COSTART dictionary?

11 A. Not to the best of my knowledge.

12 Q. And is the emotional lability term the same thing, in your  
13 understanding, as a suicide attempt?

14 A. No, it is not.

15 Q. Okay. So the next paragraph goes:

16 "Events are further categorized by body system and  
17 listed in order of decreasing frequency according to the  
18 following definitions." And it says: "Frequent adverse  
19 events are those occurring on one or more occasions in at  
20 least 1 in 100 patients."

21 I'll stop right there. So what does that mean,  
22 Doctor?

23 A. So for any given heading like nausea, you're going to  
24 classify how often that happens according to these  
25 definitions. Frequent is more often than 1 in 100.

1 Infrequent is 1 in 100 -- less than 1 in 100 but more than 1  
2 in 1,000, and rare is if you only see it in 1 in 1,000  
3 patients.

4 Q. Based on the suicide report we looked at just a second  
5 ago, how would you categorize suicide attempts?

6 A. Well, I would categorize it as a frequent serious adverse  
7 event.

8 Q. Okay. Great. And it says there, "categorized by body  
9 system." What does that mean?

10 A. So you can -- once you've mapped or combined terms that  
11 mean the same thing, you can then -- you collect them  
12 together. You can then group terms that refer to the same  
13 body system under that body system. So nausea would go under  
14 the gastrointestinal system. Vomiting, which is a separate  
15 term, would go under gastrointestinal. If it is suicide, it  
16 would not go under gastrointestinal.

17 Q. Would it go under the nervous system?

18 A. Yes, it would.

19 Q. All right. Let's look at the nervous system listings.

20 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, he's now going to give  
21 opinions about a label that wasn't even the label at issue in  
22 this case, not at the time Mr. Dolin committed suicide. This  
23 is beyond the scope of his expert report and his deposition,  
24 and I object.

25 THE COURT: Do you object to any questions about the

1 nervous system?

2 MR. BAYMAN: I object to him giving opinions about  
3 the '92 label and what it says about --

4 THE COURT: I don't know about that, sir, but I'm not  
5 going to sustain your last objection. It's overruled.

6 You may proceed.

7 MR. WISNER: Thank you, your Honor.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. Holding the call-out -- okay. Great. So Doctor, I'm  
10 looking at the nervous system section here, right? We talked  
11 about suicide attempt. And under "frequent," I see a bunch of  
12 different frequent adverse events. Do you see "suicide  
13 attempt"?

14 A. No, I do not.

15 Q. Do you see "emotional lability"?

16 A. I do.

17 Q. Why does it say emotional lability there and not suicide  
18 attempt, Doctor?

19 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. That calls for speculation.

20 THE COURT: Sustained as to why.

21 BY MR. WISNER:

22 Q. Doctor, do you have an opinion as to why it says emotional  
23 lability there as opposed to suicide --

24 MR. BAYMAN: Same objection.

25 MR. WISNER: -- attempt?

1 MR. BAYMAN: Same objection, your Honor.

2 THE WITNESS: I --

3 THE COURT: You may answer as to the use of that  
4 phrase there or its appropriate use.

5 BY THE WITNESS:

6 A. I do.

7 BY MR. WISNER:

8 Q. What is it?

9 A. It conceals what's really going on.

10 Q. How?

11 A. Well, emotional lability, if I saw that, and I happen to  
12 know what it means because this is what led to banning of  
13 Paxil in the --

14 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. He's going to  
15 get into pediatrics, and I'm objecting. Move to strike.

16 THE COURT: No, no, no. Just answer the question,  
17 Doctor --

18 THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: -- without --

20 THE WITNESS: My apologies.

21 As a practicing internist, I have patients who come  
22 in sometimes, and they're upset about something. Sometimes  
23 they cry. Sometimes they yell. And that's what I think of as  
24 emotional lability. It would certainly not occur to me that  
25 it means they tried to kill themselves.

1 BY MR. WISNER:

2 Q. Do you consider defenestration, or jumping out of a  
3 window, to be emotional lability?

4 A. No.

5 Q. Do you consider cutting your wrists to be emotional  
6 lability?

7 A. No.

8 Q. Do you consider trying to hang yourself from a door frame  
9 to be emotional lability?

10 A. Absolutely not.

11 Q. Now, in looking through the rest of this nervous system  
12 thing -- and I'll blow up the whole thing so we can see the  
13 whole thing -- do you see any reference whatsoever to suicidal  
14 attempts, suicide attempts?

15 A. So I just want to make sure I'm getting this right. I see  
16 hysteria, libido increased --

17 THE COURT: Talk to yourself, please.

18 BY THE WITNESS:

19 A. No, I do not.

20 BY MR. WISNER:

21 Q. Under the federal regulations as they existed in 1992 and  
22 based on your expert opinion in this area, does this label  
23 properly disclose the risk of suicidal behavior in adults over  
24 the age of 30?

25 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. This is beyond

1 the scope of his opinions in this case which have been solely  
2 to the 2010 label. He's now offering opinions about the '92  
3 label which was not the label that was in effect at the time  
4 that Mr. Dolin was prescribed the medicine.

5 THE COURT: Overruled.

6 BY THE WITNESS:

7 A. No, it does not.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. And as a practicing physician, based on the evidence  
10 you've seen as existed in 1989, does this label properly  
11 instruct you on how to use this drug in adults over the age of  
12 30?

13 MR. BAYMAN: Same objection.

14 THE COURT: Same ruling.

15 BY THE WITNESS:

16 A. No.

17 BY MR. WISNER:

18 Q. All right, Doctor. Following the 1992 label and the  
19 approval of Paxil in the United States, were there additional  
20 interactions with the FDA about Paxil and suicide?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. When, if at all, did -- strike that.

23 Starting in 1992 and moving onward, have you seen any  
24 evidence about what GSK did with the washout data as it  
25 related to suicide?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. What did you see?

3 A. I saw that for a period of some years, they not only did  
4 not revise the label to reflect what was already going on but  
5 they presented that data that erased the true risk in  
6 publications, in scientific meetings, in materials for their  
7 marketing staff, and so on.

8 Q. And what did -- those marketing and materials, what did  
9 they say?

10 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. This is not within his  
11 report, your Honor. It's outside the scope of his report as  
12 well as Dr. Healy has testified about this at length, and now  
13 this is entirely cumulative, and Dr. Healy is a  
14 psychiatrist --

15 THE COURT: Well, you're going to have to prove up  
16 what they said, sir, not simply ask for him to reiterate.

17 MR. WISNER: I was actually trying to avoid showing  
18 the document, but if they want me to, I'll gladly do it, your  
19 Honor.

20 THE COURT: Proceed.

21 BY MR. WISNER:

22 Q. Doctor, if you could turn to Page -- I'm sorry, in  
23 Plaintiff's Exhibit 98.

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. What is that document, Doctor?

1 A. This is a paper in a journal called the European -- I'm  
2 sorry, *European Neuropsychopharmacology* published by three  
3 researchers, one of whom was with GSK and the other two of  
4 whom, I believe, were either consultants or contractors to  
5 GSK.

6 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, briefly, before we go into  
7 this document, I move Exhibit 48, which is the '92 label, into  
8 evidence.

9 THE COURT: It may be received.

10 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 48 received in evidence.)

11 BY MR. WISNER:

12 Q. All right. So back to Plaintiff's Exhibit 98, Doctor.  
13 Who are the authors on this article? Are they related in any  
14 way to GlaxoSmithKline?

15 A. They work for them.

16 Q. And is this a document that you reviewed in preparing your  
17 testimony and opinions in this case?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. And is this document, to the extent that it purports what  
20 it purports, reliable?

21 A. No.

22 Q. Let me ask that another way. Did you rely upon it --

23 A. I misunderstood.

24 Q. -- for what it says?

25 A. I'm sorry. In that sense, did I rely on it in forming my

1 opinions, yes.

2 MR. WISNER: Okay. Permission to publish, your Honor.

3 THE COURT: Yes, you may proceed.

4 BY MR. WISNER:

5 Q. This document was not previously shown during  
6 Dr. Healy's -- so let's talk about the title here. What is  
7 the title here, Doctor?

8 A. "Reduction of suicidal thoughts with paroxetine in  
9 comparison with reference antidepressants and placebo."

10 Q. And if you look down here, it has these people's  
11 association. Do you see that?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. What is their association?

14 A. So Dr. Montgomery is associated with SmithKline Beecham.  
15 Dr. Dunbar, I believe, at the time was an employee of  
16 GlaxoSmithKline. And I believe that Dr. Dunner was either  
17 receiving financial support from Glaxo or grants or other  
18 forms of support.

19 Q. And in this article, does it discuss the Paxil suicide  
20 data we saw in the '91 report?

21 A. It does.

22 Q. Let's go to the conclusion of the study so we can -- all  
23 right. So let's go down to the conclusion here. It reads:

24 "The risk of suicide increases with length of  
25 exposure to a drug, and differences in the number of

1 suicides and suicide attempts should take differences  
2 in length of exposure into account. The absolute number  
3 of suicides or suicide attempts when length of exposure  
4 was not taken into account did not differ significantly  
5 between the groups."

6 Is that true?

7 A. Just to clarify, is it true that's what it says, or is  
8 that statement true?

9 Q. Is that true what it says?

10 A. That is true, it says that.

11 Q. Is that true scientifically?

12 A. No.

13 Q. Based on the data we've seen, what did we see with regards  
14 to the absolute number of suicide or suicide attempts between  
15 the placebo groups and the Paxil groups?

16 A. There was almost nine-fold increase in risk. And just to  
17 clarify, when I -- you asked me if this was reliable. What I  
18 meant was, I believe this paper should be retracted.

19 Q. Has it been?

20 A. Not to the best of my knowledge.

21 Q. Are you aware of whether or not any of these authors tried  
22 to take this paper back?

23 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, they've heard Dr. Dunbar's  
24 testimony about this, and this is now -- this is now cumulative.

25 THE COURT: All right. I think it's covered.

1 MR. BAYMAN: He doesn't know what --

2 MR. WISNER: Okay.

3 BY MR. WISNER:

4 Q. Now, you mentioned that this article was used with  
5 physicians. Have you seen any documents that confirm that?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Okay. If you could turn your attention to Exhibit 100,  
8 Plaintiff's Exhibit 100, have you got it?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. What is Exhibit 100?

11 A. So this is a memo from a marketing executive at GSK.

12 Q. What is the name of that marketing executive?

13 A. Barry Brand.

14 Q. Okay. And is this a document that you looked at and  
15 examined in your studies -- in your research?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. And is it something that you relied upon?

18 A. Yes.

19 MR. WISNER: Permission to publish, your Honor.

20 THE COURT: You may.

21 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, I object. He has no  
22 marketing opinions in the case. He's the FDA regulatory  
23 witness, and now he's getting into the area of marketing.  
24 It's outside the scope of his expert opinions.

25 THE COURT: Let's see. This is 100?

1 MR. WISNER: Yes, Plaintiff's Exhibit 100 -- sorry.  
2 Yes, Plaintiff's Exhibit 100. That's what I have here, your  
3 Honor.

4 THE COURT: Are you going into this for marketing?

5 MR. WISNER: No, your Honor. Marketing is dictated  
6 by what's in the label, so this is just an extension of the  
7 label. So it's part of his opinion that GSK was not upfront  
8 about the suicide risk. That was one of the opinions he  
9 expressed earlier.

10 MR. BAYMAN: And your Honor, it says very clearly,  
11 "marketing department." It's a marketing department.

12 THE COURT: The objection is overruled. You may  
13 proceed.

14 BY MR. WISNER:

15 Q. Dr. Ross, let's start off on the top here. This is  
16 dated -- I'll blow it up for you. When is this dated?

17 A. July 5th, 1995.

18 Q. And the subject reads what?

19 A. "Meta-analysis examining suicidal ideation, approved for  
20 use."

21 Q. All right. If you look at the first paragraph, it says:

22 "A meta-analysis, recently published in the  
23 peer-reviewed journal *European Psychopharmacology*,  
24 examined whether Paxil was associated with any increase  
25 in suicidal thoughts or acts. Paxil showed a

1 statistically significant advantage in reducing suicidal  
2 thoughts in all analyses compared with placebo."

3 What does that mean in layman's terms, Doctor?

4 A. This claims that Paxil reduces suicidal thoughts  
5 consistently according to this paragraph.

6 Q. All right. Let's go to the next paragraph. This is what  
7 I want to get at. It says, "This paper has been approved for  
8 use with physicians to alleviate any concerns that they may  
9 have regarding suicidal ideation."

10 Now, I want to -- when the company has its sales  
11 representatives visiting with physicians, are they allowed to  
12 discuss things that are not on the label?

13 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, now we really are getting  
14 into marketing behavior and marketing opinions. It's beyond  
15 the scope.

16 THE COURT: He may testify if he knows.

17 THE WITNESS: Yes -- I'm sorry. You said that are  
18 not on label?

19 BY MR. WISNER:

20 Q. Let me ask the question. Are they allowed to discuss  
21 things that are not on the label?

22 THE COURT: If you know.

23 BY THE WITNESS:

24 A. In general, they certainly can't initiate -- I'm talking  
25 about at the current time. Back then, they were not allowed

1 to.

2 BY MR. WISNER:

3 Q. There was FDA regulation --

4 A. There's FDA regulations, and there are, about what's  
5 called off-label promotion.

6 Q. Okay. And if the label had said that there was an  
7 increased risk of adult suicidal behavior, would GSK have been  
8 able to contradict that statement with this article?

9 A. Not only would they not have legally been able to do it,  
10 doing so would have constituted misbranding.

11 Q. Why is it misbranding? I thought misbranding only applied  
12 to the label.

13 A. No. The label, the advertising promotion, anything that  
14 is -- that they're all tied to the label. They have to be  
15 consistent with the label, so you can't -- you know, you  
16 couldn't say, well, this drug is, on label, it's only per --  
17 sorry, approved for heart attacks, you can't then go on and  
18 advertise it for, it's also good for baldness or whatever.  
19 It's got to be something that's in the label. And you also  
20 can't say stuff about safety that's not in the label.

21 MR. WISNER: At this time, your Honor, we move  
22 Plaintiff's Exhibit 100 into evidence.

23 MR. BAYMAN: The same objection, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: It may be received.

25 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 100 received in evidence.)

1 BY MR. WISNER:

2 Q. All right. Let's look at this one paragraph here as  
3 pointed out by my colleague. It said:

4 "In the analysis of the data from controlled  
5 trials -- studies and open extension studies of Paxil  
6 calculated by patient year of exposure, there were 2.8  
7 fewer suicides in the Paxil treated group compared with  
8 the active control and 5.6 times fewer compared with  
9 placebo."

10 When it says "5.6 times fewer than placebo," what is  
11 that saying?

12 A. That means, they're claiming here that patients on placebo  
13 are 5.6 times more likely to kill -- or I'm sorry, yes, 5.6  
14 times more likely to kill themselves than people on Paxil  
15 when, in fact, it's the reverse.

16 Q. Thank you. All right. Following the submission of the  
17 Paxil suicide report in 1991, and Paxil was approved; is that  
18 right?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And the approval came in what type of -- was there an  
21 analysis of the safety data done by the FDA?

22 A. Technically, yes.

23 Q. And what is that document generally called?

24 A. That is part of what's called a clinical review. And  
25 there's typically a safety review that's done by the medical

1 reviewer.

2 Q. Have you heard of something called a summary basis of  
3 approval?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. What is that?

6 A. That contains the reasons that the FDA concluded that it  
7 could approve the drug, you know, that it thinks the drug  
8 works based on the data presented by the manufacturer on why  
9 they think it's safe.

10 Q. And have you reviewed the summary basis of approval in  
11 this case?

12 A. I have.

13 Q. Did it disclose that those suicides in the placebo arm,  
14 that some of them happened in the washouts?

15 A. No, it did not.

16 Q. One of the things I was curious, Doctor, considering your  
17 expertise, who writes the summary basis of approval?

18 A. Well, technically, the manufacturer can write it and just  
19 submit it to the FDA.

20 Q. Have you seen any evidence about whether or not GSK  
21 drafted the summary basis of approval and submitted the draft  
22 to the FDA?

23 A. Yes, I have.

24 Q. Now, do you know if the final one that was put out by the  
25 FDA was written by GSK or not?

1 A. I believe it was.

2 Q. Okay. And also in the summary basis of approval that we  
3 were just discussing, did the F -- did the FDA mention that  
4 some of the suicide attempts had occurred in the placebo  
5 run-in?

6 A. I believe it may have noted it, but it's actually -- I'm  
7 sorry. You said in the summary basis of approval?

8 Q. That's right.

9 A. No. I'm sorry. I misunderstood. No, it did not. I  
10 apologize.

11 Q. Okay. Sounds good. All right. Let's move on -- okay.  
12 Let's confirm that, Doctor. Let's take a look at the summary  
13 basis of approval.

14 A. Please.

15 Q. All right. If you can turn your attention to Plaintiff's  
16 Exhibit 28.

17 A. Okay.

18 Q. What is Exhibit 28?

19 A. So this is the summary basis of approval for Paxil back  
20 from '92.

21 Q. And is this the document that we were just discussing?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Is this a fair and accurate copy of that document?

24 A. Yes.

25 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, at this time, permission to

1 publish portions of this document to the jury. They've  
2 already seen it.

3 THE COURT: You may proceed.

4 MR. WISNER: Thank you, your Honor.

5 All right. Let's go to Table 55. Give me a second  
6 to find it. All right. That's 45. Okay.

7 THE COURT: Page?

8 MR. WISNER: Table 45, your Honor. This is on --  
9 it's not numbered, but it's Page 46, so it's three pages from  
10 the end. Got it, Doctor -- your Honor?

11 THE COURT: Yes.

12 BY MR. WISNER:

13 Q. Okay. You got it, Doctor?

14 A. I do.

15 Q. Okay. Great. So what is Table 55 reflecting in the  
16 summary basis of approval?

17 A. Well, it purports to be two things really. First off,  
18 for -- if you collect the patients into three groups -- those  
19 who got Paxil, those who got placebo, and in those trials  
20 where there was an antidepressant other than Paxil that was  
21 used for comparison, what's called an active-control trial,  
22 those three groups -- and then for each of those categories,  
23 it shows the number of patients who experienced a particular  
24 type of adverse event, the percentage when divided by the  
25 denominator, and then something corrected for what the company

1 called patient exposure years.

2 Q. So at a look here, how many Paxil suicides occurred?

3 A. Five.

4 Q. Okay. And how many placebo suicides occurred as is  
5 reflected here?

6 A. Two.

7 Q. And those two, did they occur in the placebo arm?

8 A. They actually did not.

9 Q. Where did they occur?

10 A. They occurred in the run-in phase before patients actually  
11 went into the treatment phase.

12 Q. Okay. How many Paxil-attempted suicides happened here?

13 A. Well, again, originally, the company had told the FDA 42.  
14 Without really any explanation, it changed to 40 here.

15 Q. All right. And how many placebo-attempted suicides are  
16 listed here?

17 A. What the table states is six.

18 Q. And were there actually six attempted suicides?

19 A. No.

20 Q. Were five of them actually occurring in the run-in period?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Okay. And again, I saw on the previous tables there were  
23 these asterisks. Do you recall?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Do you see any asterisks here indicating that these were

1 from the run-ins?

2 A. Not unless they're in invisible ink.

3 Q. Okay. All right. Okay. Great. So Doctor, following the  
4 approval of the drug in 1992, and we looked at that label and  
5 then we looked at what they were doing with the data after  
6 that, at some point, did the FDA again ask for data related to  
7 deaths?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. When was that, do you recall?

10 A. That was roughly in -- I think in perhaps April of 1999.

11 Q. Okay. And what did the FDA specifically ask for?

12 A. So the FDA --

13 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, this is -- may we approach  
14 at sidebar?

15 THE COURT: We're going to 99?

16 MR. BAYMAN: Yes. This is entirely cumulative of  
17 what Dr. Healy covered yesterday, I mean --

18 MR. WISNER: Actually --

19 MR. BAYMAN: -- step by step.

20 THE COURT: Well, we'll take it -- proceed. Proceed.

21 MR. WISNER: Thank you, your Honor.

22 BY MR. WISNER:

23 Q. So Paragraph -- sorry, 1999, what did the FDA ask for?

24 A. It asked -- they were having a general discussion within  
25 the FDA about an important policy issue about suicide and

1 death connected with SSRIs, the general class that Paxil  
2 belongs to, and they asked GlaxoSmithKline, among other  
3 entities, what -- to submit all of their data including the  
4 original data set but also data collected after that on  
5 deaths, suicides, and suicide attempts to the FDA.

6 Q. And when the FDA asked GSK for this data in '99, did it  
7 prompt any concerns that you've seen within GSK?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Please turn to Exhibit 110 in your binder, Doctor,  
10 Plaintiff's Exhibit 110.

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. Is this one of those documents that you saw that reflected  
13 those concerns?

14 A. Yes.

15 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, this is the same exact line  
16 of questioning that Dr. Healy was giving on redirect  
17 examination at the end of the day. This is entirely  
18 cumulative, and he's speculating now about concerns. He  
19 wasn't involved in any of this.

20 THE COURT: Well, a cumulative objection is one that  
21 is left to the discretion of the Court. In this case, I  
22 realize you're right, that it is somewhat cumulative, but I  
23 think it's educational for the Court and the jury, so I'm  
24 going to permit him to proceed.

25 MR. WISNER: Thank you, your Honor.

1 BY MR. WISNER:

2 Q. Is this the document you're referring to here?

3 A. Yes, it is.

4 Q. Is this a fair and accurate copy of that document?

5 A. It is.

6 Q. And you reviewed this document before your testimony today?

7 A. Yes.

8 MR. WISNER: Permission to publish, your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Yes. You may proceed.

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. Okay. We have this -- all right. We have an email here  
12 at the top. Do you see that, Doctor?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. And the subject reads what?

15 A. "Re. FDA conversation, Paxil request for data on deaths."

16 Q. I'm sorry. I know it's a little hard to read, so we'll  
17 read through it closely. Is this -- is this the reference to  
18 the request for data that we were talking about a second ago?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Okay. And then it goes on:

21 "Tom, please allow some time for legal to review this  
22 prior submission to FDA. Per my earlier email on this  
23 one, I think Andrea Parry and I will need to be involved  
24 in light of the litigation in this area. I want to  
25 ensure our positions are not inadvertently compromised as

1 a result of anything we share with the FDA."

2 During your time at FDA, did you ever have any  
3 conversations with drug sponsors about ongoing litigation as  
4 it related to safety?

5 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, we're now going to get into  
6 other litigation. I'm objecting to this.

7 THE COURT: It's pretty general.

8 MR. WISNER: Fair enough. I don't want to violate  
9 any of the Court's rulings on motions in limine, so I don't  
10 want to delve too deeply --

11 THE COURT: You don't have a foundation for a  
12 conversation.

13 MR. WISNER: Let me lay a foundation, your Honor.

14 BY MR. WISNER:

15 Q. Have you spoken with drug sponsors during your time with  
16 the FDA?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. And those conversations related to safety issues?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And was that a regular part of your job at the FDA?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And did you routinely speak with drug sponsors about  
23 safety data?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. And in those conversations you did have while you were at

1 the FDA, did the drug sponsor ever discuss with you or raise  
2 issues about ongoing litigation as it related to safety  
3 issues?

4 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. It's hearsay.  
5 It's about other drug sponsors. It has no relation to any of  
6 these issues, and I object to the entire line.

7 THE COURT: I'll sustain it. It's too general, sir.

8 MR. WISNER: Yes, your Honor.

9 BY MR. WISNER:

10 Q. Do you have an opinion about whether or not it is  
11 appropriate from a regulatory perspective for GlaxoSmithKline  
12 to be mitigating its disclosures to the FDA in response to  
13 ongoing litigation?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. What is your opinion on that?

16 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. This is not in his report.  
17 He's giving an opinion now about litigation matters. It's  
18 outside the scope of his expertise.

19 THE COURT: Overruled.

20 BY THE WITNESS:

21 A. First off, disclosures to the FDA are those mandated by  
22 law and regulation. It's -- really from a regulatory point of  
23 view, it's not -- litigation is irrelevant. I mean, you know,  
24 from a practical point of view, people, the FDA say, well,  
25 okay, yes, you have a business issue or you have a legal

1 issue. The question we have is, what are the data. That's  
2 what we want to see. And if it's something that is material  
3 to our determinations about safety and efficacy, then we want  
4 to see it, and we are authorized to see it.

5 BY MR. WISNER:

6 Q. Did you review the FDA -- the GSK submission in response  
7 to this request?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Would you recognize it if you saw it today?

10 A. I would.

11 Q. If you please turn to Exhibit 24, Defense Exhibit 24. Are  
12 you there, Doctor?

13 A. I am.

14 MR. WISNER: Thank you. At this time, your Honor, we  
15 would move Plaintiff's Exhibit 110 into evidence.

16 MR. BAYMAN: I'd object, your Honor. This is not in  
17 his -- it also is not in his expert report.

18 THE COURT: It may be received.

19 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 110 received in evidence.)

20 BY MR. WISNER:

21 Q. All right. Doctor, so you're looking at what exhibit now?

22 A. This says Defense Exhibit 24.

23 Q. Okay. Great. And what is Defense Exhibit 24?

24 A. So this is the response to the FDA's request for  
25 information on deaths and suicides in controlled clinical

1 trials for Paxil.

2 Q. And what's the date of this document?

3 A. July 13th, 1999.

4 Q. So this is after the email we just were looking at a  
5 second ago in Plaintiff's Exhibit 110?

6 A. Yes.

7 MR. WISNER: Okay. Permission to publish, your  
8 Honor.

9 THE COURT: Yes. You may proceed.

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. All right. So we have here a letter. Do you see that,  
12 Doctor?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. It's to Dr. Katz. Do you see that?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. Who is Dr. Katz?

17 A. So at the time, Dr. Katz was acting director for the  
18 division that regulates Paxil.

19 Q. Okay. And if you go through this submission, Doctor, you  
20 see that there's an Attachment I.

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And what is Attachment I supposed to reflect?

23 A. Attachment I claims to provide an analysis of what the  
24 relative numbers -- well, first off -- thank you. I think I  
25 need new glasses. So it says, it starts with how many

1 patients were exposed -- were exposed to Paxil in a  
2 double-blind trial, randomized trial up until, entered as of  
3 such-and-such date. And they refer here to centrally funded  
4 research and development studies which is part but not all of  
5 the studies that GlaxoSmithKline ran.

6 Q. All right. So let's break that down. It says, the total  
7 number of patients exposed to double-blind treatment in a  
8 randomized controlled paroxetine trials, do you see that, in  
9 depression?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. So is this talking about open-label trials?

12 A. No.

13 Q. Is it talking about uncontrolled trials?

14 A. No.

15 Q. It's talking about the placebo control, the randomized  
16 control trials; is that right?

17 A. Correct.

18 Q. And this just relates to what condition, Doctor?

19 A. So this is only in depression. They had been approved  
20 since then for other indications besides depression.

21 Q. Okay. Now, if we look down here at this table, what does  
22 this table reflect?

23 A. Well, what it says is that there are a total of 48 deaths  
24 in that group of trials that they looked at. And it shows for  
25 those deaths something like 90 percent occurred in patients

1 who got Paxil, and there were four in placebo. And then it  
2 breaks those down into whether these represented suicides or  
3 deaths attributed to something else besides suicide.

4 Q. How many suicides happened in the Paxil group?

5 A. According to this document, 12.

6 Q. Now, I want to be clear, Doctor. I'm confused here  
7 because it says up here that this is what happened in  
8 randomized controlled paroxetine trials. Do you see that?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. So what is this document saying about the number of  
11 suicides that happened in randomized controlled trials?

12 A. The -- I'm sorry. Can you repeat the question again?

13 Q. Sure. What does this document tell us about the number of  
14 suicides that happened on Paxil in randomized controlled  
15 trials?

16 A. What is it purporting to say --

17 Q. Yes.

18 A. -- or what does it really say?

19 Q. What's the document say?

20 A. The document says there were 12 suicides.

21 Q. Okay. You see below that, there's a footnote that says,  
22 "The grand total does not include 10 cases undergoing further  
23 investigation." Do you see that?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. So what does that mean?

1 A. It's not all the deaths.

2 Q. Okay. This report, did it prompt any concerns or issues  
3 within GSK about its conduct in reporting suicides previously?

4 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, he's now asking him to  
5 speculate about concerns. It's again motive, intent.

6 THE COURT: If he has some specific item as  
7 distinguished from concerns --

8 MR. WISNER: Sure.

9 THE COURT: Sustained.

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. Did a man by the name of Dan Burnham raise -- raise --  
12 send an email concerning this submission?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. Okay. Would you recognize that email if you saw it today?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. All right. Please turn to Exhibit -- actually, we're  
17 going to use the defendant's exhibit here, Defendant's Exhibit  
18 136. Do you have it?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Is this the email we were just discussing?

21 A. Yes.

22 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, permission to publish this  
23 email. We've previously published it as Plaintiff's Exhibit  
24 17. This is a more complete version of the exhibit which we'd  
25 like to show to the jury.

1 THE COURT: 136?

2 MR. WISNER: Yes, your Honor. Defendant's Exhibit 136.

3 THE COURT: It's signed, "Dan"?

4 MR. WISNER: That's right.

5 THE COURT: Okay. You may proceed.

6 BY MR. WISNER:

7 Q. All right. Doctor, what is this document?

8 A. So this is an email that was sent by Mr. Burnham to a  
9 number of other GSK employees.

10 Q. And I'll pull up the top here so we have the full picture.

11 What's the date of this?

12 A. November 18th, 1999.

13 Q. Okay. And I just want to ask you a couple questions.

14 Earlier, remember that memorandum we were looking at regarding  
15 the use of the Dunham article?

16 A. Is that the one by Mr. Brand?

17 Q. That's right. Is he on this email?

18 A. Yes. He's the last person on the cc. line.

19 Q. Okay. And then we also talked about people who interacted  
20 with the FDA. Are you familiar with who Thomas Kline is?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Who was he?

23 A. He was a, I believe, regulatory affairs official at GSK  
24 who would regularly interact with FDA on this.

25 Q. So this email from Mr. Burnham is going both to a

1 regulatory affairs person and a marketing guy?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. Okay. What concern does Mr. Burnham raise in this email?

4 A. So basically, he says, what we've been telling people --

5 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, he's speculating and now  
6 trying to --

7 THE COURT: Go to the document itself.

8 MR. WISNER: All right.

9 THE WITNESS: Okay.

10 MR. BAYMAN: He doesn't use the word "concern."

11 THE COURT: If you have any questions, you can ask  
12 about the document but not a summary of it.

13 BY MR. WISNER:

14 Q. All right. Let's go through it then. I was trying to  
15 make it go quicker, but we'll do it. We'll do it. Sorry.

16 All right. So it says:

17 "Raj and Chip, attached is a draft of the cover  
18 letter and Excel spreadsheet that now includes the  
19 additional deaths that occurred during the placebo run-in  
20 phase of randomized controlled paroxetine depression  
21 trials. The two suicides among the 544 placebo patients  
22 in Montgomery and Dunbar's 1995 publication actually  
23 occurred during single-blind placebo run-in, not  
24 double-blind placebo."

25 I'll stop right there. That 1995 Montgomery and

1 Dunbar, what is that?

2 A. That is the paper in *European Psychopharmacology* -- or  
3 *European Neuropsychopharmacology* that used those two suicides,  
4 attributed them to placebo even though they weren't really  
5 placebo to conclude that Paxil actually reduced suicidal  
6 ideation.

7 Q. Is that the document we looked at a minute ago?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Okay. All right. It goes on to say, "Because patients  
10 undergo usually one week of single-blind run-in before  
11 randomization, these two suicides on placebo are not  
12 comparable to deaths occurring after randomization for three  
13 reasons." Do you see that, Doctor?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. Okay. What is he saying? What does that mean in layman's  
16 terms?

17 A. Those two suicides should never have been counted as  
18 placebo suicides. They fell outside both the placebo and  
19 Paxil.

20 Q. He goes on and gives three different reasons. Do you see  
21 that?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. It says, "First, the pre- and post-randomization  
24 populations are different because patients who respond to  
25 single-blind placebo are excluded from randomization." What

1 does that mean?

2 A. So people would come into the study on medicine, maybe  
3 not. And when I say "come to the study," I mean just kind  
4 of -- they seemed initially eligible for it. They stopped  
5 their medications and wash out what they were getting with the  
6 placebo. Some people on that off-medicine --

7 THE COURT: I think we've heard this.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. Okay. All right. In your opinion --

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. -- is Mr. Burnham critical of using those run-ins to  
12 calculate the placebo rate?

13 A. I'd say he's saying it shouldn't be done.

14 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. Calls for speculation.

15 THE COURT: Yes. I think the document --

16 MR. BAYMAN: Move to strike that.

17 THE COURT: -- speaks for itself.

18 MR. WISNER: Okay. Your Honor, at this time, we'd  
19 move Defendant's Exhibit 136 into evidence.

20 THE COURT: What about plaintiff's one, 17?

21 MR. WISNER: It's duplicative, so we'd rather not --  
22 keep the record clean.

23 THE COURT: That's what I was trying to avoid. I've  
24 been trying to avoid that throughout this case.

25 MR. WISNER: I know, your Honor. Unfortunately,

1 there's quite a bit of duplication, but this is a more  
2 complete document, so we'd like to move it into evidence.

3 THE COURT: All right. It may be received.

4 (Defendant's Exhibit 136 received in evidence.)

5 BY MR. WISNER:

6 Q. All right. Have you seen any response to Mr. Burnham's  
7 email?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Okay. Can you please turn to Exhibit 1 -- Plaintiff's  
10 Exhibit 114? Are you there, Doctor?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. This appears to be a duplicate, unfortunately. Let me see  
13 if I can pull it out of the -- all right. What is 114 in  
14 front of you, Doctor?

15 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. I object to this  
16 exhibit as it's not in his expert report. His expert report  
17 gives no opinions about it.

18 THE COURT: Well, he can testify to what it is.

19 MR. WISNER: I'm sorry, your Honor. This is a  
20 document -- I can ask him some questions to lay the foundation.

21 BY MR. WISNER:

22 Q. Is this a document that you reviewed, Doctor?

23 A. Yes.

24 Q. Is this a document that you relied upon?

25 A. Yes.

1 Q. And would discussing its content aid the jury in  
2 understanding your opinions?

3 A. I really, really do.

4 MR. WISNER: Okay. Your Honor, permission to publish.

5 THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.

6 MR. BAYMAN: Same objection, your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Same ruling.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. I don't have it on my iPad, so we're going to have to use  
10 the old-fashioned -- or it's actually a pretty high-tech  
11 version, the Elmo. Okay, Doctor.

12 It says down here, it's to Rajinder Kumar. Do you  
13 see that?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. And it's from who?

16 A. This is from Mr. Brand.

17 Q. Okay. And Barry Brand is who again?

18 A. This is the marketing executive who was mentioned earlier.

19 Q. Okay. Great. And he goes:

20 "This response to FDA seems to be setting us up for  
21 potential problems suggesting that Paxil is associated  
22 with a higher rate of suicide versus placebo. A very  
23 comprehensive meta-analysis" --

24 I'll stop right there. What does that first sentence  
25 mean?

1 A. Well --

2 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, he's trying to interpret  
3 what someone else is saying.

4 THE COURT: That's right. I don't think we need to  
5 have his interpretation.

6 MR. WISNER: Okay.

7 THE COURT: Proceed. Sustained.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. "Perceives a very comprehensive meta-analysis  
10 published by S. Montgomery clearly showed a higher  
11 incidence placebo-related suicides, and a 1998 study  
12 published in *American Journal of Psychiatry* in  
13 non-depressed patients suggested that Paxil offered a  
14 protective effect in patients with less than three  
15 previous suicide attempts. Can we use the Montgomery  
16 meta-analysis as the baseline for our analysis and  
17 reference the *American Journal of Psychiatry* study in  
18 our response back to the FDA? I have provided copies of  
19 the studies to Dan Burnham. Let me know your thoughts.  
20 Regards, Barry."

21 In -- regarding the request made from the FDA for  
22 these documents for these deaths, would it have been  
23 appropriate to send in a journal article instead?

24 A. Well, no, but having said that, this is the paper I said  
25 earlier should be retracted so -- which basically, I read this

1 as saying, let's keep counting those placebo --

2 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. Speculation as  
3 to --

4 THE COURT: Sustained as to how he reads it. That's  
5 sustained.

6 MR. WISNER: Would it be appropriate to submit a --  
7 I'm sorry.

8 THE COURT: Go on to something else.

9 MR. WISNER: Yes, your Honor.

10 Your Honor, at this time, we move Plaintiff's Exhibit  
11 114 into evidence.

12 MR. BAYMAN: I'm going to object again. It's not  
13 been disclosed, not in his expert report, your Honor.

14 MR. WISNER: I don't believe that's an admissibility  
15 issue. I think that's a testimony issue so I, again, your  
16 Honor, would move it into evidence.

17 THE COURT: It may be received.

18 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 114 received in evidence.)

19 BY MR. WISNER:

20 Q. All right. Doctor, following Mr. Brand's email which was  
21 dated -- do you recall the date, Doctor? Do you have it in  
22 front of you?

23 A. I believe it was sometime in November of '99.

24 Q. Okay. I want to show it to you so we're not guessing.

25 A. Okay. My apologies.

1 Q. No worries.

2 A. A lot of emails.

3 THE COURT: The document is in evidence. It speaks  
4 for itself, whatever the date is.

5 BY MR. WISNER:

6 Q. I'm just trying to establish the date. It's December 7th.  
7 Do you see that, Doctor?

8 A. Oh, I'm sorry. I misunderstood. I thought you meant the  
9 email from Mr. Burnham.

10 Q. Okay.

11 A. I apologize.

12 Q. So Barry Brand's email was December 7th, right?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. Okay. Did GSK have a conversation with the FDA about  
15 run-ins the next day?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. And have you seen a document that documents that  
18 conversation?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Can you please turn in your folder -- in your binder to  
21 Exhibit, Plaintiff's Exhibit 115? Do you have it, Doctor?

22 A. I do.

23 Q. What is Exhibit --

24 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, I object again to the  
25 cumulative nature. This was the exact document that was

1 covered in detail by Dr. Wheadon at the end of the day  
2 yesterday -- Dr. Healy, excuse me. And it's entirely  
3 cumulative. We're re-covering the same ground.

4 THE COURT: Well, isn't this a basis for his opinions  
5 here?

6 MR. WISNER: Yes, your Honor. I'm just showing the  
7 chronology of GSK's interaction with the FDA about the suicide  
8 issue. He's an FDA guy. He's here to talk about their  
9 interactions. This is a summary of a conversation with the  
10 FDA.

11 THE COURT: All you want is chronology?

12 MR. WISNER: I'm building a chronology to lead to  
13 the -- these are all admissions by GSK in their own documents.

14 THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.

15 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. Object to that  
16 characterization.

17 MR. WISNER: Your Honor -- okay.

18 BY MR. WISNER:

19 Q. So Dr. Ross, Plaintiff's Exhibit 115, what is this document?

20 A. So this is a memorandum prepared by GSK employee Thomas  
21 Kline reporting a conversation with an FDA reviewer in the  
22 division that regulates Paxil.

23 Q. Mr. Kline was on that Burnham email?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Okay. And who is he having a conversation with?

1 A. With a reviewer by the name of Michael Seika.

2 MR. WISNER: Okay. Permission to publish, your  
3 Honor.

4 THE COURT: All right. Proceed.

5 BY MR. WISNER:

6 Q. Now, we showed this to the jury yesterday with Dr. Healy.  
7 I want to show it again now with all the other stuff we've  
8 talked about. It reads:

9 "In addition, I raised a hypothetical example for his  
10 consideration. I inquired about his interpretation of  
11 classifying placebo-run deaths. Specifically, I asked if  
12 a patient were to die during placebo run-in, i.e., prior  
13 to randomization, should that patient be included in the  
14 calculation for placebo deaths."

15 Doctor, was there a hypothetical issue regarding  
16 run-in suicides at this time?

17 A. No. There was an actual issue.

18 Q. And was that the issue that was raised by Mr. Burnham in  
19 his email?

20 A. The actual issue, not -- it was not hypothetical.

21 Q. In response, it says:

22 "He clearly stated that such a patient should not be  
23 counted in our analyses since such a patient would not  
24 compromise" -- sorry, this is the last time -- "would not  
25 comprise the 'controlled' portion of a trial."

1 Do you see that, Doctor?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. What -- does that -- what is your opinion about whether or  
4 not it's appropriate to include those patients in the run-in  
5 period?

6 A. Well, let me just speak as a regulator. And, first off,  
7 if somebody said to me this is hypothetical, I'm going to put  
8 myself in Dr. Seika's position, if they say it's hypothetical,  
9 like I said earlier --

10 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, we're speculating what  
11 Dr. Seika now was thinking.

12 THE COURT: This has been covered by Dr. Healy.

13 MR. WISNER: Yes, but we haven't had someone from the  
14 FDA. Dr. Healy is a physician and academic --

15 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, he's not -- for the record,  
16 he's not currently with the FDA.

17 THE COURT: Well, he has experience in that area.  
18 All right. For that purpose, you may --

19 BY MR. WISNER:

20 Q. Just to be clear, Doctor, this is in 1999?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Were you at the FDA in 1999?

23 A. I was.

24 Q. Okay. So you were telling us about a sponsor raising a  
25 hypothetical to you.

1 A. I'd take them at their word. I wouldn't say, well -- I  
2 would ask them, I would assume they're telling me the truth.  
3 So having said that, what Dr. Seika says is the same answer  
4 that I would give because this is what the FDA's guidance,  
5 written guidance from 1986 was. And secondly, scientifically,  
6 it's not appropriate to count those patients before they've  
7 been put into the treatment phase.

8           So Dr. Seika gave the right answer to what I would  
9 think if this came to me was just a hypothetical.

10 Q. Based on that response from an FDA reviewer or medical  
11 officer, did GSK have an obligation to immediately disclose  
12 what had occurred in its prior analysis?

13 A. They had -- their obligation actually predated this  
14 because they knew about it before that, but certainly when  
15 they explicitly raised the issue, if I -- if they said, well,  
16 listen, it's not just sole hypothetical, it's actual, and  
17 there have been situations that I've encountered at FDA like  
18 that, I would be a little teched, to put it mildly.

19 Q. All right. Let's move on. Did GSK ever conduct a  
20 reanalysis of that original '89 data and submit it to the FDA?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. When was that analysis submitted to the FDA?

23 A. 2002.

24 Q. So for two years, did GSK submit anything to the FDA  
25 specifically related to that blind or washout analysis?

1 A. No.

2 Q. All right. Yesterday with Dr. Healy, we talked a bit  
3 about Dr. Laughren. Do you know who he is?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. In 2002, do you know what position he was holding at the  
6 FDA?

7 A. I believe at that point, he was actually the division  
8 director for neuropharm products, the division that reviewed  
9 Paxil.

10 Q. And in 2002, did GSK have a conversation with Dr. Laughren  
11 that addressed some of these placebo run-in issues?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. Would you recognize a record of that conversation if you  
14 saw it today?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. Please turn to Plaintiff's Exhibit 124 in your binder. Do  
17 you have it, Doctor?

18 A. I do.

19 Q. What is this document?

20 A. This is a record of a conversation between a GSK employee  
21 by the name of David Wheadon with Dr. Laughren.

22 Q. And what year is this dated?

23 A. 2002.

24 Q. And what's the date actually?

25 A. I'm sorry. April 10th, 2002.

1 Q. Okay. And is this a document that you've reviewed?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. And is it helpful to discuss it with the jury?

4 A. I believe so.

5 MR. WISNER: Your Honor, permission to publish. This  
6 document has not been shown to the jury yet.

7 THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. Okay. Doctor, again, this is a document that was prepared  
10 by who?

11 A. Let's see. I believe this was Dr. -- Mr. Wheadon.

12 Q. No, I mean --

13 A. GSK. Sorry.

14 Q. All right. And let's read what it says. Under the  
15 heading, "Description of conversation," it reads:

16 "I spoke with Dr. Laughren of the FDA  
17 neuropsychopharmacology division last Wednesday, April  
18 10th, concerning the updated Paxil analyses on suicide  
19 attempts. I explained to Dr. Laughren that, subsequent  
20 to ongoing defense of Paxil cases, the issue of attempts  
21 in patients on placebo during placebo run-in had been  
22 debated and a decision had been made to reanalyze the  
23 original NDA data on suicide attempts, doing the apples  
24 to apples comparisons specifically."

25 Do you see that, Doctor?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. What -- do you have an opinion about what this is saying  
3 regarding why GSK decided to do this comparison in 2002?

4 MR. BAYMAN: Objection, your Honor. The document  
5 speaks for itself. He's now -- he's now trying to speculate  
6 about it.

7 THE COURT: It's sustained.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. Doctor, during your time at the FDA when you were  
10 reviewing submissions from drug sponsors, had you ever  
11 reviewed a submission that was prepared subsequent to ongoing  
12 defense --

13 MR. BAYMAN: Same objection, your Honor.

14 MR. WISNER: -- of Paxil -- of a drug case?

15 THE COURT: Don't object until I hear the whole  
16 question.

17 MR. WISNER: Sorry. Do you want me to re-say it?

18 THE COURT: Well, I'll just look.

19 You may answer. It calls for a yes or no.

20 THE WITNESS: Yes -- I'm sorry. I apologize. I'm --  
21 can you repeat the question? I'm sorry.

22 THE COURT: Read it back.

23 THE WITNESS: I apologize.

24 (Record read.)

25 BY THE WITNESS:

1 A. No.

2 BY MR. WISNER:

3 Q. Would that make a difference to you in reviewing safety  
4 data?

5 A. I would think it was a weird thing to say --

6 MR. BAYMAN: Objection to that --

7 THE COURT: Calls for a yes or no, Doctor.

8 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Could you repeat the  
9 question?

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. Would it have made a difference to you whether or not it  
12 was prepared in defense of litigation or not?

13 A. Not -- no, not directly, but I would -- you know, a --  
14 say, is this -- I'm sorry. My apologies, your Honor. I'm  
15 trying to answer yes or no.

16 It would in the sense that the data that's submitted  
17 needs to be driven by the regulatory requirements and the  
18 scientific issues. If they said, "Well, this is the same  
19 thing we've submitted, there weren't any cases," then no, that  
20 wouldn't make a difference. If it's like, "Well, this is what  
21 we did for our defense," like, "Is this everything that's  
22 going to address our regulatory and scientific questions,"  
23 then yes, that would make a difference.

24 Q. Now, Doc -- now, Doctor, have you ever worked on a drug  
25 while at the FDA where safety issues were discovered by virtue

1 of litigation?

2 MR. BAYMAN: Objection. This is getting far afield  
3 now again, your Honor.

4 THE COURT: Yes. Sustained.

5 MR. BAYMAN: Thank you.

6 BY MR. WISNER:

7 Q. Again, what year is this conversation, Doctor?

8 A. 2002.

9 Q. So how many years is that from today?

10 A. Approximately -- almost 15.

11 Q. Okay. Did you review the submission referenced in this  
12 article that was submitted to the FDA?

13 A. Submitted in, I'm sorry, in this record of this phone  
14 conversation?

15 Q. Sir, let me ask the question again.

16 A. I'm sorry.

17 Q. The submission referenced in the paragraph we just read,  
18 did you read that submission that was submitted to the FDA?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And who was that prepared by?

21 A. That was prepared, I believe, by an individual by the name  
22 of John Davies.

23 Q. And did he prepare one or two reports?

24 A. He prepared, for this, two reports.

25 Q. And what were those reports about?

1 A. So one was a review of data about suicides in the original  
2 NDA, and the other was about suicide attempts in the original  
3 NDA. Excuse me.

4 MR. WISNER: All right. Please turn to Plaintiff's  
5 Exhibit 122 and 129. Just have them both in front of you.

6 At this time, your Honor, we'd move Plaintiff's  
7 Exhibit 124 into evidence.

8 THE COURT: It may be received.

9 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 124 received in evidence.)

10 BY MR. WISNER:

11 Q. Do you have those two documents, Doctor?

12 A. I do.

13 Q. All right. What are those two documents?

14 A. So Plaintiff's Exhibit 122 is an analysis titled "Results  
15 for review of data about, quote, suicide attempts in 1991,"  
16 and then 129 is about suicides as opposed to suicide attempts.

17 Q. Okay. All right. Let's start off with the suicides  
18 document. That's Plaintiff's Exhibit 129. Get that in front  
19 of you, Doctor.

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. Is this a report that you reviewed in preparing your report  
22 in this case?

23 A. Yes.

24 Q. And are you prepared to testify about its contents?

25 A. Yes.

1 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, objection. He specifically  
2 testified in his deposition the first time he'd ever seen this  
3 was at the deposition --

4 MR. WISNER: Objection, your Honor. If he's going to  
5 make this objection about what was testified in his  
6 deposition, he should do so at sidebar. That's hearsay.

7 MR. BAYMAN: That's fine.

8 THE COURT: Proceed.

9 BY MR. WISNER:

10 Q. Did you review this document, Doctor?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. Previously when you were deposed and they showed you this  
13 document, did you recognize it?

14 A. You know, it was at the end of a -- or near the end of a  
15 long day. Frankly, I got confused, so I said no, but I  
16 actually, when I went back and I looked and I said, "Wait a  
17 minute, David, you've seen this before."

18 Q. And did your opinions change at all -- well, had you  
19 looked at this document in preparing your opinions?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. And did reviewing it again in any way affect your opinions?

22 A. No.

23 Q. So did you feel a need to update your report about your  
24 opinions?

25 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, may we have a sidebar?

1 THE COURT: Later when we take a break. Let's go on.

2 BY MR. WISNER:

3 Q. Did you feel the need to update your opinions, Doctor?

4 A. No.

5 MR. WISNER: Okay. So Exhibit 129 -- permission to  
6 publish, your Honor.

7 THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.

8 BY MR. WISNER:

9 Q. All right. This is the document you said that relates to  
10 suicides. Do you see that, Doctor?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. Now, it's dated May 2002, but it refers to the 1991  
13 report. What does that mean?

14 A. So this refers to the data in the 19- -- the original  
15 application. And again, to clarify because originally, there  
16 was an '89 submission, this was the '91 version of what GSK  
17 submitted to the FDA.

18 Q. And have you seen any reanalysis of the '91 data any time  
19 during this ten-year period, between 1991 and 2002?

20 A. Not one that corrects the omissions --

21 Q. Okay.

22 A. -- and the mistakes in the earlier -- the original  
23 analysis.

24 Q. All right. So let's look at the first part of this. It  
25 says here, "Identify all placebo-controlled trials in the

1 original NDA including paroxetine and placebo data from  
2 three-arm trials." What does that mean, Doctor?

3 A. So they were going to -- this started with -- I'm sorry.  
4 So you start with all the studies that are in there. There's  
5 randomized trials, those that have a placebo control, and  
6 those that have an active -- another antidepressants control.  
7 Those that are just Paxil by itself, those that are -- started  
8 out as a double-blind trial and then where there was an  
9 extension of Paxil after the double-blind trial ended. And  
10 they took all those, and they threw out anything except the  
11 trials that were placebo-controlled.

12 Q. And when they changed -- when they excluded all those  
13 data, how many suicides were in the Paxil group after they  
14 excluded all that data?

15 A. So -- you mean after they got rid of all that?  
16 Originally, in the total database, there were five suicides.  
17 When they excluded all of those -- all that other data, there  
18 were no suicides left.

19 Q. So by excluding all of that data, they went from five to  
20 zero?

21 A. That is correct.

22 Q. Okay. Now, it says here, studies PAR-04 and PAR-14 will  
23 be excluded by virtue of their design. Do you see that?

24 A. Yes.

25 Q. Have you looked into those studies?

1 A. I have.

2 Q. And do you believe in your expert opinion that these  
3 studies should have been excluded?

4 A. No --

5 MR. BAYMAN: Your Honor, this is a totally new  
6 opinion, not in his report, not in his deposition. And we  
7 believe he should not be able to testify, and we'd like to get  
8 a sidebar.

9 THE COURT: All right. Let's take a break now,  
10 ladies and gentlemen.

11 (Proceedings heard in open court. Jury out.)

12 [REDACTED]

13 [REDACTED]

14 [REDACTED]

15 [REDACTED]

16 [REDACTED]

17 [REDACTED]

18 [REDACTED]

19 [REDACTED]

20 [REDACTED]

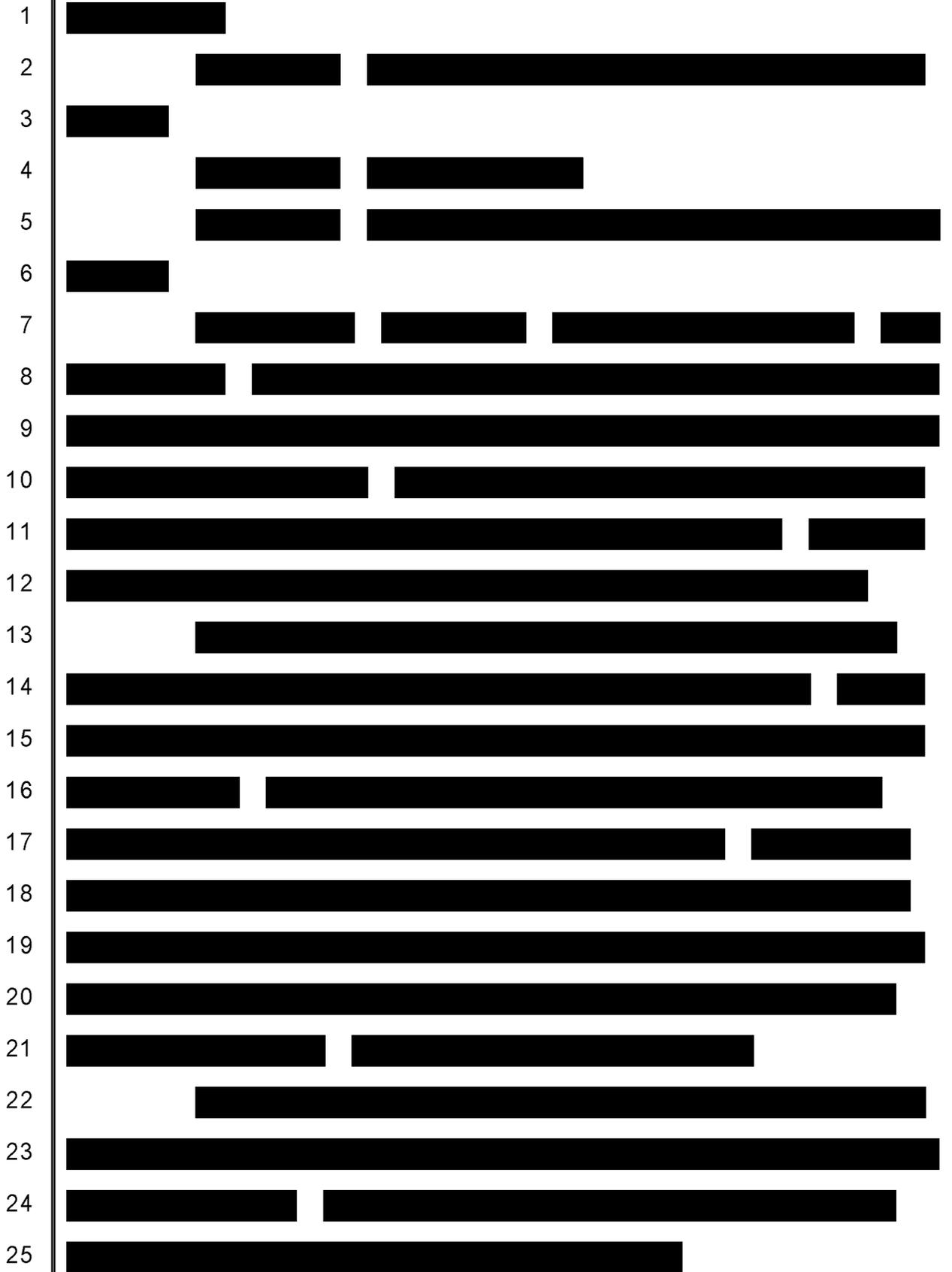
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22 [REDACTED]

23 [REDACTED]

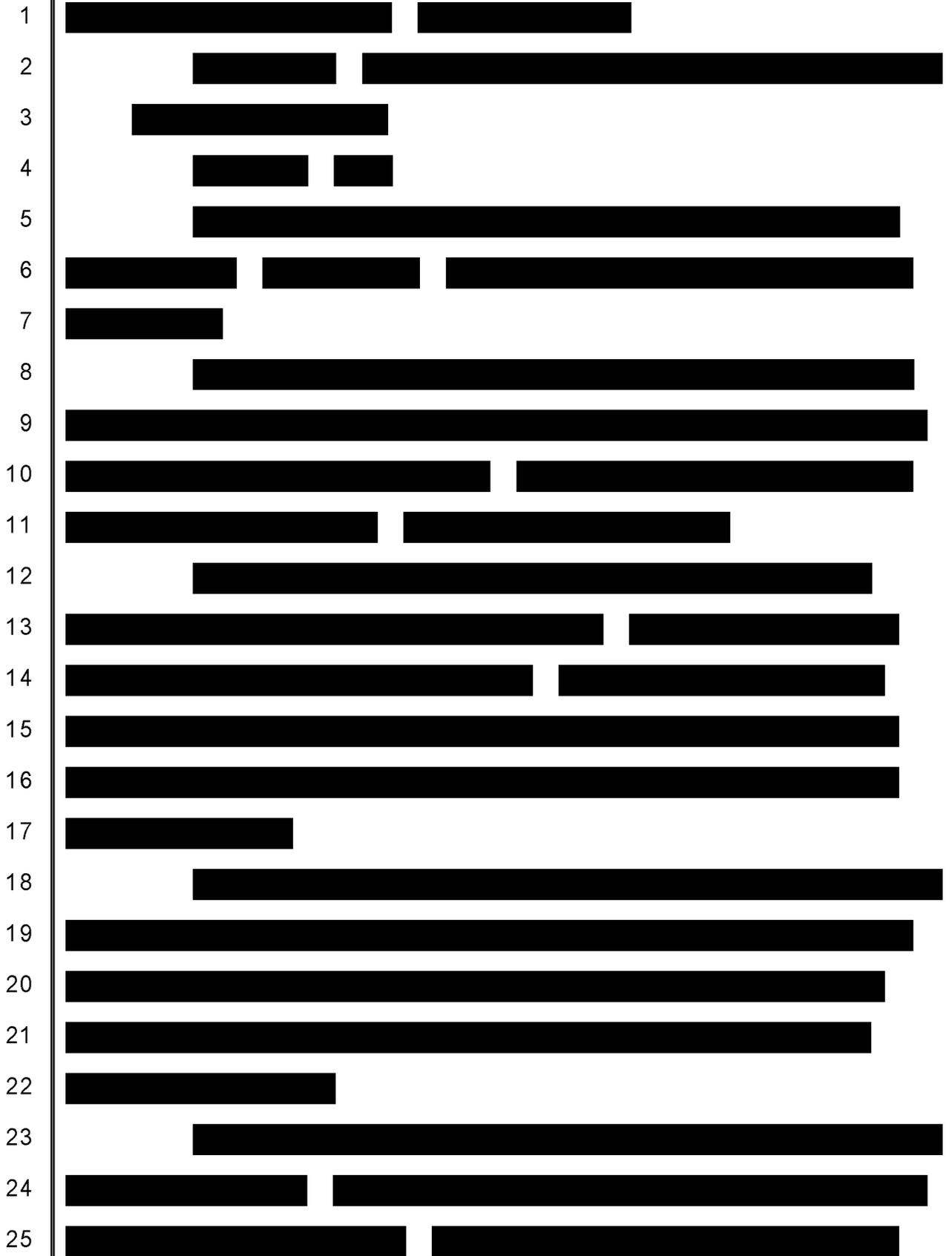
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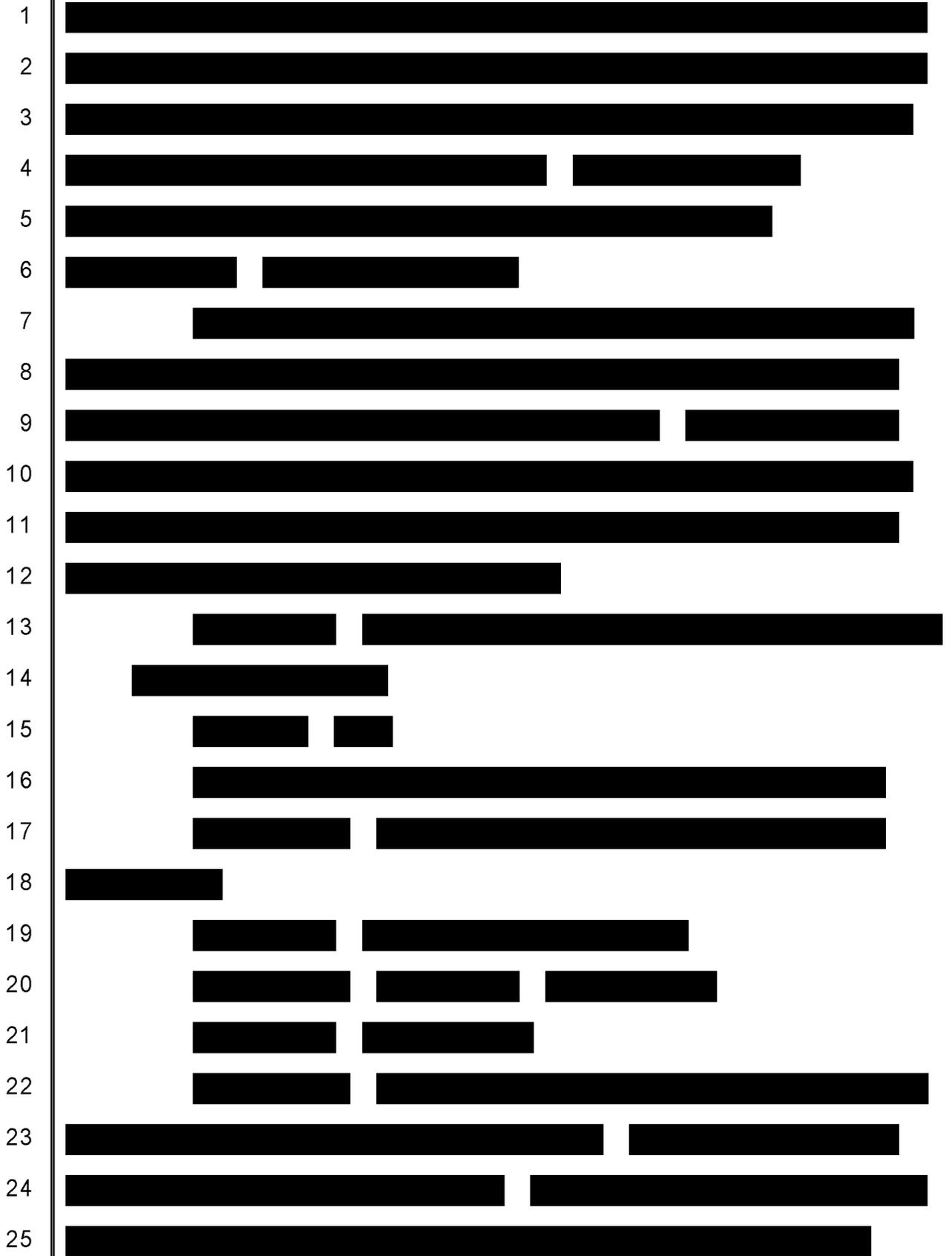
25 [REDACTED]

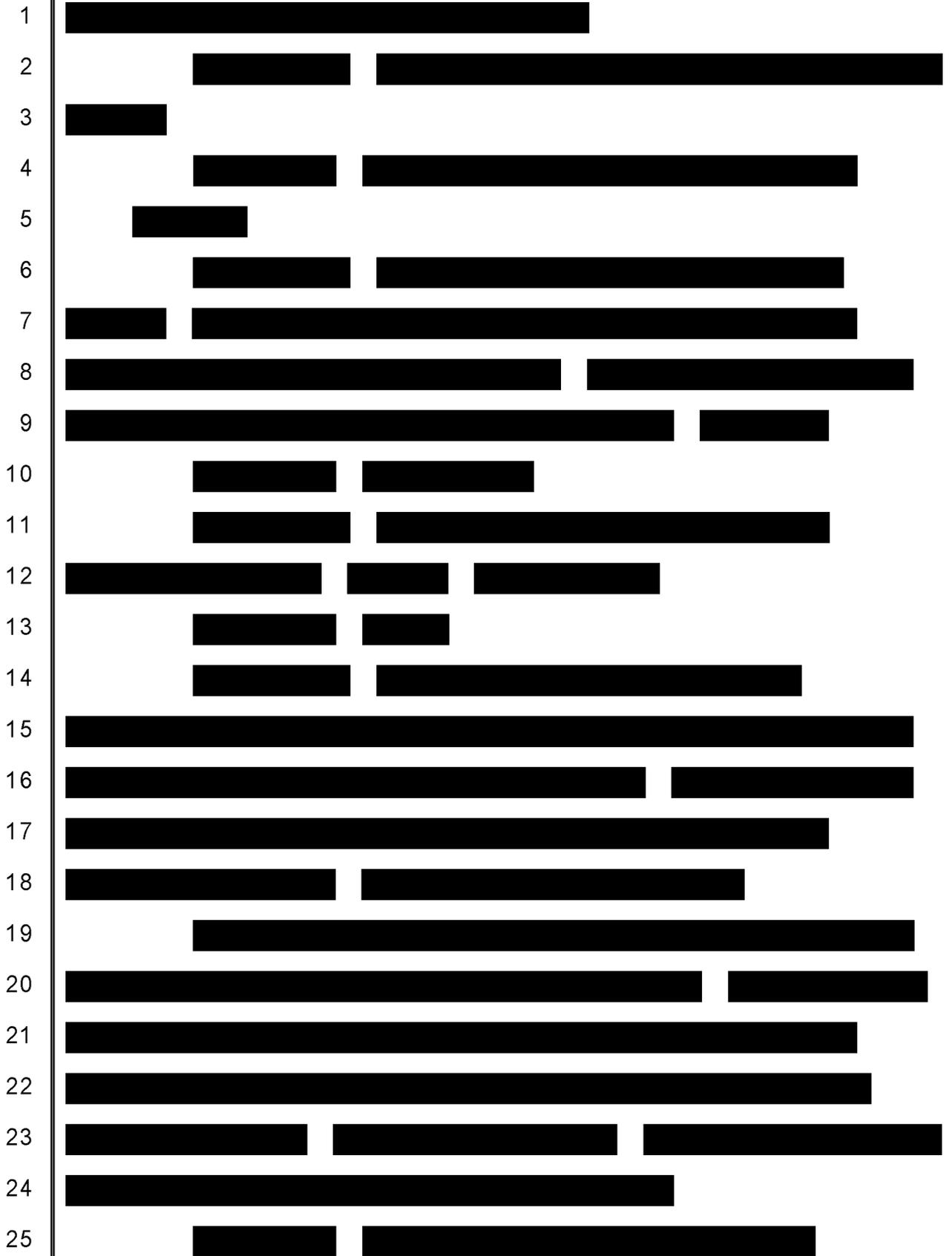


1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
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4	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
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22	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
23	[REDACTED]	
24	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
25	[REDACTED]	

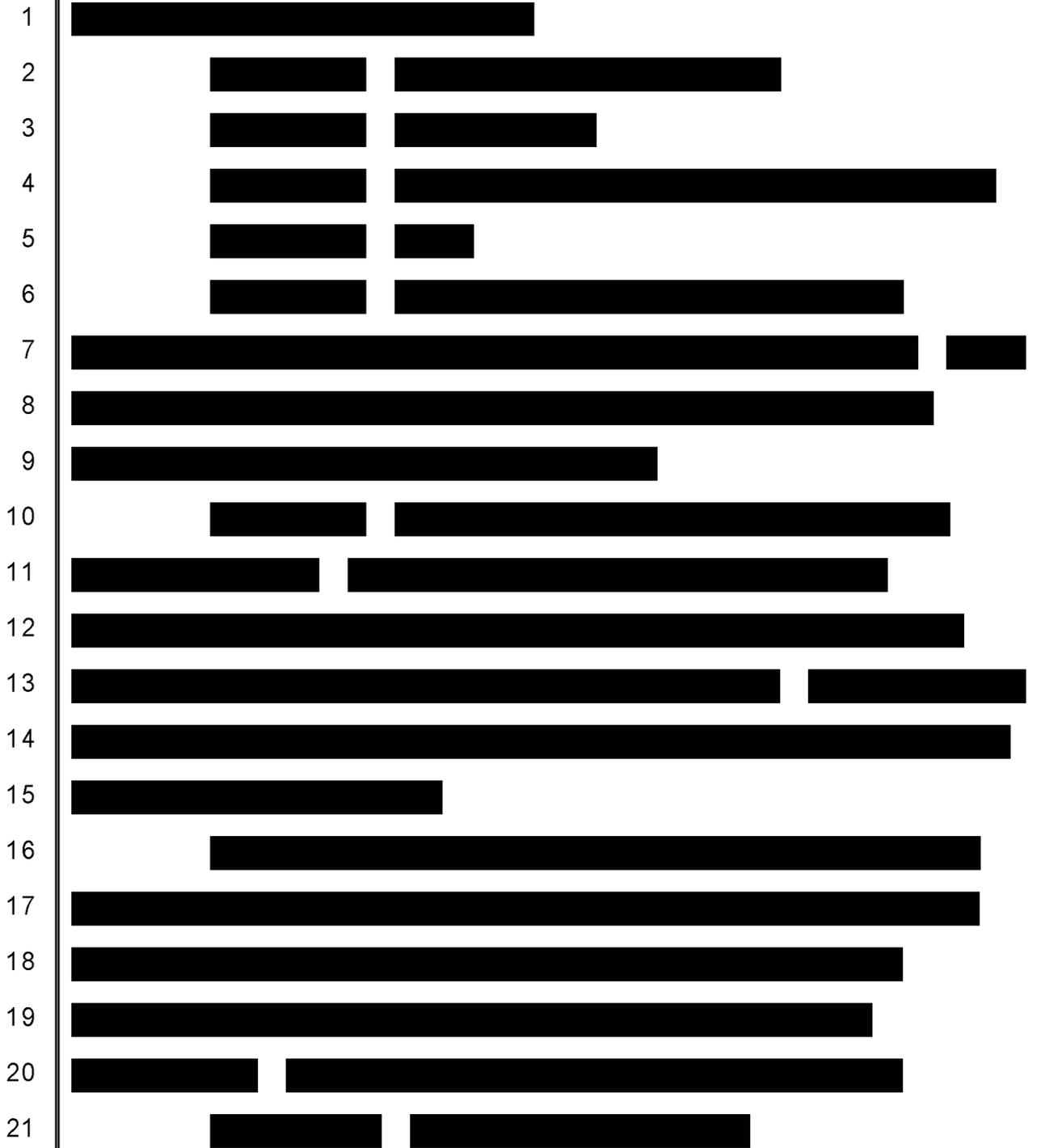
1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
2	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
3	[REDACTED]	
4	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
5	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
6	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
7	[REDACTED]	
8	[REDACTED]	
9	[REDACTED]	
10	[REDACTED]	
11	[REDACTED]	
12	[REDACTED]	
13	[REDACTED]	
14	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
15	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
16	[REDACTED]	
17	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
18	[REDACTED]	
19	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
20	[REDACTED]	
21	[REDACTED]	
22	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
23	[REDACTED]	
24	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
25	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED] [REDACTED]







1	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
2	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
3	[Redacted]	
4	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
5	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
6	[Redacted]	
7	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
8	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
9	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
10	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
11	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
12	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
13	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
14	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
15	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
16	[Redacted]	
17	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
18	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
19	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
20	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
21	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
22	[Redacted]	
23	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
24	[Redacted]	
25	[Redacted]	[Redacted]



(Recess from 3:00 p.m. to 3:10 p.m.)

22  
23  
24  
25