Last Update: 18/12/2000

Version: 1

important to the psychiatrist and patient - and are a major cause of non-compliance and

hence relapse. Seroquel is the only first line antipsychotic which is weight neutral in the

long-term and has an EPS and prolactin profile which does not exceed placebo. This is

the major differentiator for Seroquel - Improvement without impairment: the only first line

antipsychotic which offers efficacy without associated EPS, weight and prolactin-related

side effects EVEN at the highest dose. This translates into unsurpassed clinical



<u> 'Seroquel' Strategy Summary</u> REDACTED

Compound Description

'Seroquel' - an oral atypical antipsychotic (dibenzothiazepine derivative) indicated for schizophrenia with a superior tolerability profile and at least as effective as the

REDACTED

Launch dates

- 1st launch: UK Sept 1997
- US Oct 1997, Canada -Jan 1998
- EU: Germany February 2000, Italy May 2000, Spain Sept 2000
- Japan February 2001

Positioning

Brand Essence: Improvement without impairment Positioning Statement: 'Seroquel', the first line, first choice atypical

Key Claims

Current Claims	
At least as efficacious as other first line atypicals (clanzapine/risperidone)	
More effective than hatoperidol and chlorpromazine (typical antipsychotics)	
Effective at controlling depressive symptoms and improving cognition	
Superior tolerability to typicals and first line atypicals	
Weight neutral, placebo-level EPS and protactin levels, and no clinically significa QT protongation	rit

LCM claims	
Effective in the treatment of acute mania as monotherapy I adjunct to mood stabiliser. (Likelihood of achieving claim: High)	2002
Does not induce depressive symptoms in patients with manic episodes, (Likelihood of achieving claim; High)	2004
Significant anxiolytic/calming effect. (Likelihood of achieving claim: High)	2004
Efficacy in controlling manic episode demonstrated within 4 days. ((Likelihood of achieving claim; Medium)	2004
Placebo-level EPS, prolactin, weight in patients with acute mania. (Likelihood of achieving claim. High)	2004
Therapeutic dose achieved at day one with the SR formulation. (Likelihood of achieving claim. High)	2003
Once daily dosing suitable for all patient groups. (Likelihood of achieving claim. High)	2003
Superior risk benefit profile compared with clanzapine. (Likelihood of achieving claim: Medium)	2003
Granules will offer better compliance and more flexible dosing (25mg, 50mg, 100mg, 150mg) than ripseridone liquid	2002

REDACTED

Situation Analysis: Unmet Medical Needs:

Approximately 1% of the global population suffers from schizophrenia and 1.5% from Bipolar Disorder. Older typical antipsychotics are not well tolerated resulting in a low rate of compliance. The medical need for an effective, well tolerated antipsychotic was high. Whilst the atypical antipsychotics achieve this to a greater or lesser extent, the typicals are still the most widely prescribed

REDACTED

effectiveness. This profile is highly suited to Bipolar patients. Key success factors

	Key Success Factor	Required Actions	Risk/ Urgency	Responsible		
1	Maintain competitive SoV	Increased 5 and CNS experienced manpower, both globally and MCs	M/H	SET MCP GPT		
2	Delivery of compelling data into marketplace	Publication/communication of data to support stronger efficacy message and to differentiate on superior tolerability via: Data mining, clinical trials, comparative data, IITs	IJH	GPT		
3	Broaden Seroquel use on and off label	Utilise whole selling team. Educational programmes to share off label data.	L/H	MC .		
4	Maintain competitive label	Successfully deliver LCM programme: Granules 2002 Sustained Release 2003 Bipolar Disorder 2003/4 Remove eye monitoring from US label. Defend against potential FDA label threats: QTc, diabetes.	M/H	GPT .		
5	Communicate efficacy at the right dose	Communicate clear dosing guidelines and data. Promote starter pack. SR formulation	L/H	GPT MC		

PRODUCT STRATEGY - Grower Megabrand Brand Strategy - Win Competitors Customers

AZ aims to optimise Seroquels market penetration, in order to maintain a position of at least third (in value terms) in the antipsychotic class. The objective for Seroquel is to grow sales faster than the market and maintain its lead over the expected new market entries. This will be achieved in an increasingly intense competitive environment as Pfizer (ziprasidone) and BMS (aripiprazole), amongst others, enter the marketplace. The long term aspirational target for Seroquel is to overtake the sales of risperidone. The incidence (per year) of schizophrenia is low, so a switch strategy is key to achieving this

Strategic objective	implementation	Responsible
Launch (0-2 years)	Win competitors customers i.e. switches from:	MC
"Penetrate the rapidly growing atypical market" 	typicals (first line switch) atypicals stablish Seroquel as atypical of choice in the first episode schizophrenia patients - this has a halo effect as these patients are particularly sensitive to EPS and weight gain. Secure launch take off above rioseridone.	

The perceived efficacy of an antipsychotic is the most important attribute to psychiatrists, when treating patients. In schizophrenia efficacy is viewed in terms of a spectrum of domains; positive, negative and affective symptoms, cognition and hostility. Unlike the typical antipsychotics Seroquel is highly effective in treating all these domains. The main atypical competition, ripseridone and clanzapine, have a similar efficacy profile to Seroquel. The

AZSER10769861

Russell Giddins, Regulatory Director, Alderley Park, 7231
Mike Czupryna, Project Manager, Wilmington, 2692
Alison Wilkie, Global Brand Manager - Communications, Alderley Park, 2586
Jeff Swalley, Global Brand Manager - LCM, Wilmington, 3798
Debbie Holdsworth, Global Brand Manager - Operations, Alderley Park, 4394
Charles Altman, Global Commercial Physician, Wilmington, 3107
Jim Gavin, Global Publications Manager, Alderley Park, 2634
Paul Zimmerman, Global Brand/Publications Manager, Wilmington, 5658

Last Update: 18/12/2000 Version: 1