1	\$	STATE OF MICHIC	GAN
2	IN THE CIRCUIT	COURT FOR THE	COUNTY OF INGHAM
3			
4	DEN HANGEN TAIMEDNAM	IONAT CENTED	:
5	BEN HANSEN, INTERNAT FOR THE STUDY OF PSYC PSYCHOLOGY, INC., and	CHIATRY AND	
6	PROJECT OF PSYCHIATRI RIGHTS, INC.,		: : File No.
7			: 09-759-CZ
8	Plaintiff	is,	: :
9	-vs-		:
	STATE OF MICHIGAN, DE	EPARTMENT OF	: :
10	COMMUNITY HEALTH,		
11	Defendant	is.	
12		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
13			
14	MOTION	FOR SUMMARY DI	SPOSITION
15	BEFORE THE HO	NORABLE ROSEMA	RIE E. AQUILINA
16	Lansing, Mic	chigan - Septem	mber 23, 2009
17	APPEARANCES:		
18	For the Plaintiff:	The Terrior Ad	minalto Tao Pion
19	for the Plaintill:	BY: ALAN KELL 645 Griswold	miralty Law Firm MAN (P15827)
20		Suite 1370 Detroit, MI 4	8226
21			
22	For the Defendant:		Attorney General UASARANO (P279872
23		PO Box 30754 Lansing, MI 4	
24		٠, ٠ ٠	
25	Reported by:	Genevieve A.	Hamlin, CSR-3218
	30TH J	UDICIAL CIRCUI zoo Street, La	

1		INDEX
2	WITNESS:	PAGE
3	None	
4		
5		
6		
7		* *
8	EXHIBITS:	
9	None	
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		•
22		
23		
24		
25		
		TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT lamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	Lansing, Michigan
2	September 23, 2009
3	2:10 p.m.
4	R E C O R D
5	THE COURT: This is file 09-759-CZ, Ben
6	Hansen versus Community Health Department.
7	MR. QUASARANO: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
8	If it please the Court, Thomas Quasarano, assistant
9	attorney general on behalf of the state department
10	and moving party.
11	MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor,
12	Alan Kellman on behalf of plaintiffs. Mr. Hansen is
13	with us in court today.
14	THE COURT: Thank you very much. He is
15	with us in court?
16	MR. KELLMAN: Yes, he is.
17	THE COURT: Did you want to sit up here,
18	sir?
19	MR. HANSEN: Not really.
20	THE COURT: It certainly is your right.
21	MR. KELLMAN: I think he's comfortable
22	there.
23	THE COURT: All right. That's fine.
24	Counsel, you may proceed.
25	
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

I'll introduce to the Court Doctor Eggleston and Mary
Greco. Doctor Eggleston is with the department of
community health and Mary Greco is the FOIA
coordinator.

THE COURT: And let me extend the same offer, would you like to come up here and sit? No? All right. Everyone wants a seat in the back, just like school.

MR. QUASARANO: Or church.

THE COURT: Or church, yes. Thank you. Counsel, you may proceed.

MR. QUASARANO: Yes. I know you had an opportunity to reviews the briefs, but I'll just generally indicate what we have here is a request under the FOIA for basically three records, two of those records are identified in briefs as Michigan children under five years of age detail by drugs and quality indicators, so a very detailed report, and a second report entitled patients on five or more concurrent behavioral drugs, and those two reports were denied under FOIA to the plaintiffs citing the medical -- let me give you the full title -- Release of Information For Medical Research and Education Act, which I'll just refer to as release of information act.

There was a third document that was generally described by the plaintiffs as an electronic copy of Michigan Medicaid data listing all fields available in children under age 18 and then listing a series of drugs and asking for the provider name and license number, and that was denied under the FOIA citing the FOIA's privacy exemption and the FOIA's deference to medical records where the identity of a patient would be released, so we have in the first case then another statute that we argue supercedes FOIA. In the second case, even though they fall within FOIA as public records, they're permitted to be exempted for the legislative purposes spelled out there.

The plaintiffs also argue, not in their complaint but in their brief, that there's an equal protection issue; that the information was disclosed to some other unspecified person, to which DCH would dispute that, but even for the sake of argument, let's say that this information had been released, it would not have been done intentionally, and if you indulge me in an analogy, an incarcerated individual mistakenly released by a penal facility couldn't set grounds to release all other inmates prematurely, but which DCH has taken the position that it's been

consistent with disclosure or not disclosure of this type of information.

Also, we would point out that where the case of the law of the case doctrine was raised in the state's brief and plaintiff believes that does not apply, I would just emphasize that the -- the law of the case is in the Hansen Court of Appeals' decision, even though unpublished, where the Court properly determined it was not necessary to publish it, it does rely on published decisions which speak to this type of database, and why under the release of information act it's not considered public record and therefore not subject to FOIA.

These databases generally deal with what — the term that I've come to learn anonymization, a-n-o-n-y-m-i-z-a-t-i-o-n. I'm an old wordsmith, but anonymization, the idea that these databases must remain anonymous. The data administrator such as DCH are anonymizing this to protect the privacy of individuals. This sort of anonymization is either based on social norms or ethics or it's based on the law, and in this case DCH points out it's based on the law and, of course, the law embraces social norms and ethics to protect individual privacy, so DCH singled out identifying information and did disclose

the balance of the information -- quite a lot of information has been disclosed to the plaintiffs in this case and in the earlier case, even to the extent that this Court permitted Mr. Hansen and his counsel to look at the withheld information in an in camera sort of way to show them that, in fact, this information did contain data that can be reconstructed, therefore reidentifying individuals, because the FOIA, as the Court knows, is a wide open gate and there's no protective orders. Once it's out, it's out. Whatever we do for one requester, pretty much we as the state or any other local unit of government would have to do for all other individuals.

Lastly, I would say that where plaintiff indicates that the Supreme Court in denying leave, the plaintiff's leave for application, did have a problem with the case, I would point out it was Justice Markman who was concerned that when the trial court awarded fees and costs, that the Court did distinguish between three FOIA requests, two of which were filed obviously late for which the trial court awarded fees and a third one was not late, and all the Supreme Court said in that opinion was -- or not opinion but in response to the application for leave,

that the Court did distinguish for fees but did not touch the issue of non-disclosure under the FOIA. Ultimately, what plaintiff may need to do is go to the legislature if they believe that this should be a parole disclosure situation. Thank you, Judge. THE COURT: Thank you. Counsel, response. MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had an opportunity to review it and the information could
1 Ultimately, what plaintiff may need to do is go to 4 the legislature if they believe that this should be a 5 parole disclosure situation. Thank you, Judge. 6 THE COURT: Thank you. Counsel, response. 7 MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 9 MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly 10 respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear 11 that we have at no time sought any information with 12 regard to any private individual. We are not 13 interested in any identifying information whatsoever. 14 I do not believe those were in the request. If that 15 is their interpretation of them, we would certainly 16 take issue with that, and I just want the Court to 17 clearly understand that we are not seeking 18 information about any individual, period. So there 19 is no issue about identification. 20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
the legislature if they believe that this should be a parole disclosure situation. Thank you, Judge. THE COURT: Thank you. Counsel, response. MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
5 parole disclosure situation. Thank you, Judge. 6 THE COURT: Thank you. Counsel, response. 7 MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 9 MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly 10 respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear 11 that we have at no time sought any information with 12 regard to any private individual. We are not 13 interested in any identifying information whatsoever. 14 I do not believe those were in the request. If that 15 is their interpretation of them, we would certainly 16 take issue with that, and I just want the Court to 17 clearly understand that we are not seeking 18 information about any individual, period. So there 19 is no issue about identification. 20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
THE COURT: Thank you. Counsel, response. MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
7 MR. KELLMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 9 MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly 10 respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear 11 that we have at no time sought any information with 12 regard to any private individual. We are not 13 interested in any identifying information whatsoever. 14 I do not believe those were in the request. If that 15 is their interpretation of them, we would certainly 16 take issue with that, and I just want the Court to 17 clearly understand that we are not seeking 18 information about any individual, period. So there 19 is no issue about identification. 20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
9 MR. KELLMAN: Let me begin just to briefly 10 respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear 11 that we have at no time sought any information with 12 regard to any private individual. We are not 13 interested in any identifying information whatsoever. 14 I do not believe those were in the request. If that 15 is their interpretation of them, we would certainly 16 take issue with that, and I just want the Court to 17 clearly understand that we are not seeking 18 information about any individual, period. So there 19 is no issue about identification. 20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
respond to Mr. Quasarano's remarks and be very clear that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
that we have at no time sought any information with regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
regard to any private individual. We are not interested in any identifying information whatsoever. I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
13 interested in any identifying information whatsoever. 14 I do not believe those were in the request. If that 15 is their interpretation of them, we would certainly 16 take issue with that, and I just want the Court to 17 clearly understand that we are not seeking 18 information about any individual, period. So there 19 is no issue about identification. 20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
I do not believe those were in the request. If that is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
is their interpretation of them, we would certainly take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
take issue with that, and I just want the Court to clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
clearly understand that we are not seeking information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
information about any individual, period. So there is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
is no issue about identification. THE COURT: What about the argument he ended with, which is that the information you had
20 THE COURT: What about the argument he 21 ended with, which is that the information you had
21 ended with, which is that the information you had
an opportunity to review it and the information could
be reconstructed so it could lead to identification?
MR. KELLMAN: I don't believe that that's
25 the case. The information we're talking about is
30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

getting the names of certain drugs. We're not asking 1 to whom the drugs were given. We're asking what 2 drugs were given out as part of this program that 3 were the subject of this study. 4 THE COURT: Also aren't you asking which 5 6 doctors? No. Well, actually, in one 7 MR. KELLMAN: of the requests, yes, but that information has 8 9 already been released and Mr. Quasarano is now 10 telling us that that was not intentional. I think, 11 quite frankly, that that is an issue that needs to be 12 explored during discovery. I mean, if it's not 13 intentional and -- does that in effect remove the 14 waiver argument? I don't really have an answer to 15 that yet. I think that's a little premature for us 16 to be indicating that. For the purpose of this 17 motion, I think it must be accepted as true that what they did was release this information. 18 19 THE COURT: Well, but they're saying they 20 didn't. You're saying they did. I don't have an 21 identifying who, what, when, where, why, how. 22 There's been no offer of proof. We could have a 23 hearing as to an offer of proof of that, but they 24 say, yes, you say, no, or vice-versa, whatever it is. 25 There's nothing here except one man's word against 30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI

another. I trust both counsel. I think you're not going to lie to this Court, but of course you know I have to make rulings on facts and evidence, not on assertion; yes, it happened, no it didn't. That puts us into a hearing. Would you like to go there?

MR. KELLMAN: If need be, but I think this is their motion for summary disposition, and for the purpose of this motion for summary disposition, the facts that we have challenged that are pled in our complaint and that are the subject of the affidavits that were submitted by Mr. Hansen and Professor Karon must be accepted as true. What I think should occur here is that the motion should be denied. I think that we should have some discovery, and that we may be — once we have an actual record in this case, arguing some of the same points that we're doing today, but I don't think without a record that it is timely for the Court to make a decision on this.

I think the waiver issue is a very real issue. I respectfully disagree with Mr. Quasarano and his remarks about the law of the case. The law of the case does not govern here, and if the Court -- I'm sure you did -- took a look at our argument with respect to the cases that were cited in the earlier unpublished Hansen case, the Court will see that the

statute that they're relying on is commonly referred to as the peer review immunity statute. This has to do with data that's gathered to protect other professionals who could be subject to malpractice claims or disciplinary proceedings or the like. There is only one case in the entire state of Michigan that actually applies the peer review immunity statute as an exemption to FOIA, and that is the unpublished case -- the unpublished decision in the Hansen case. The Court of Appeals chose not to publish it. That was obviously their choice, and just to correct, I think, what Mr. Quasarano had to say about the Supreme Court and his remarks about what Justice Markman had to say, there were two other justices that would have granted the release, so there is some controversy, and that's the nature of this.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. KELLMAN: But I think that what we need here is we need some details, okay? In the case here I would like to know, and I think the Court should know, you know, who actually made this decision, what was the basis of this decision, you know, how did these documents that we're comparing -- that we're requesting compare to the earlier ones that were

released, and we're talking about -- I would ask the Court to distinguish, if we have -- if the Court believes that there is some distinction to be made between the three sets of documents that are being asked for, keep in mind that the Michigan children under five by age detail -- this one along with the patients on five or more concurrent behavioral drugs is not the one where the prescribers' names were released. We are looking at three different sets of documents, and it is the electronic copy of the Medicaid data that Mr. Quasarano was referring to where the prescribers' names were released. think that that also needs to be -- it is possible --I'm not suggesting that it would be -- that you should do so, but it is possible that you could issue a decision that would distinguish your ruling based on the exact items that we're requesting.

1

2

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And I would like to know, you know, why is it -- what was the basis for not releasing these documents? I mean, if you look at what has already been released and you look at what it is that was not released, I mean, in our papers, already been released are the Michigan behavioral pharmacy reports, concurrent drug reports, summaries, targeted prescriber change reports, PQIP impact analysis, et

cetera, et cetera, et cetera. Now we're simply asking for what are the names of the drugs. What is the difference? What is the significance of not releasing the names of the drug as compared to what's already released? I don't understand. What is it that is confidential about the names of these drugs? To me it doesn't add up. It makes no sense as to why we would receive all of this other information but not be given the names of the drugs. What is -- it just simply doesn't add up.

And with all due respect to Ms. Greco's affidavit, to my knowledge she's not a lawyer and it really wouldn't matter but I don't find that there is any factual material in her affidavit, rather it is -- it's a number of conclusions. She said, I determined that it was not appropriate to release these drugs, that they were confidential, and those are conclusions. Those are for the Court to reach.

And I see no reason whatsoever why there shouldn't be a de novo review of what has occurred. The Freedom of Information Act is quite clear that there is to be a de novo review at the circuit court level, even if -- and we don't concede this, but even if the peer review immunity statute were to be construed to be applicable, that doesn't mean there

shouldn't be a court review. Why wouldn't there be a court of review? Why is it that a department of the State of Michigan would be able to make a decision about Medicaid dollars, tax dollars, and say, that's it? That's all there is to it. I'm sorry, Judge, but you're not entitled to review this. We're right, that's the end of the story. That's not -- that's not consistent with the FOIA statute.

1

2

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And then I would just simply -- and I know it's in our papers, but look at what the purpose of the peer review immunity statute is. This is something that I touched on earlier. It has to do with providing immunity for professionals. doesn't have to do with not releasing raw data that can be used or possibly be used for educational purposes or for research purposes or -- and another part of the exception has to do with the financial end of it. And I'm not at this point suggesting one way or the other that there's been any financial impropriety. I'm not. I don't want to be wildly pointing the finger at anybody, but we have all read enough about what's going on with big pharmaceutical houses that, you know, it's still something that can be explored and can be reviewed.

So I would request, Your Honor, that the 30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	motion be denied. Clearly Mr. Quasarano can bring it
2	again. If we agree on some relatively short
3	discovery period, and as I said in my papers, it
4	could very well be that he and I could agree on a set
5	of facts and come back before Your Honor and argue
6	the law based on those stipulated facts. Thank you.
7	THE COURT: Sir, the previous issues argued
8	and that went to the Court of Appeals and
9	ultimately the Supreme Court, aren't they rather
10	identical to what's before me?
11	MR. KELLMAN: We have different parties.
12	We have additional parties here. We have one
13	additional request as part of it. There's a great
14	deal of similarity. Would I say that they're
15	identical? I don't know. We've never had a chance,
16	okay? We never had a chance to make a record in that
17	case.
18	Let me remind the Court, if you will, of
19	the background of that case. That case was dismissed
20	on statute of limitation grounds. There was never
21	any hearing.
22	THE COURT: Two of them were.
23	MR. KELLMAN: Two of them.
24	THE COURT: Two out of the three.
25	MR. KELLMAN: Two out of the three were.
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	We went to the Court of Appeals and the Court of
2	Appeals basically said, well, you're right, at least
3	with respect to the third count, there was no statute
4	violation, but we on our own, okay, as a matter of
5	judicial efficiency are going to rule as a matter of
6	law, okay? I respectfully disagree. I think that we
7	were at least entitled to establish a record. So for
8	me to agree with you that we have the exact same
9	scenario, I can't do that because we didn't have a
10	record there and we don't have one here yet.
11	THE COURT: Okay, fair enough.
12	MR. KELLMAN: Thank you.
13	THE COURT: Thank you. Response?
14	MR. QUASARANO: Yes. Just very briefly,
15	Your Honor. Plaintiff hasn't pled in the complaint
16	that there is an equal protection allegation, nor
17	that there was an earlier release. It's not in the
18	complaint, so that's really not before the Court
19	other than it was raised somewhat in the brief. If
20	plaintiffs want to make an amended request for
21	information and delete that which the DCH would
22	determine would be identifiers, certainly we're more
23	than happy to cooperate. We cooperated
24	THE COURT: Let me stop you right there.
25	Sir, did you hear what he just said?
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	MR. KELLMAN: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Now, I'm prepared to make a
3	ruling, but if you're prepared to amend your request,
4	they're saying they're going to look at it.
5	MR. QUASARANO: We'll look at.
6	THE COURT: Do you want to stop here and go
7	do that and see if that gets you where you need to
8	be, or not?
9	MR. KELLMAN: I would request that you hear
10	the next motion, let me talk to my client about that,
11	because I'm not we did not request any identifier
12	information on those first two pieces, but I would
13	like to, if I may beg the Court's indulgence.
14	MR. QUASARANO: And one thing I do want to
15	add
16	THE COURT: Let's have him make his record,
17	and before I make my rulings you tell me where you're
18	at, so I read and reread so I'm ready to rule, I
19	appreciate both your arguments, but I'll give you a
20	few minutes to talk to your client when he's
21	finished.
22	MR. KELLMAN: Okay.
23	THE COURT: Thank you, counsel. Sorry for
24	the interruption.
25	MR. QUASARANO: No. Thank you, Your Honor.
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	As to clarify as to the first two classes of records,
2	those were denied under the release of information
3	act so our position remains that those are not public
4	records as defined under the statute. As to the
5	third category of record, those were denied within
6	the FOIA on the privacy and medical privacy
7	exemptions. As to that one, certainly I'm sure DCH
8	would be willing to reconsider an amended FOIA
9	request to protect identities, because that was a
10	determination made within the FOIA versus the first
11	records, and I am repeating myself, that we feel are
12	not subject to disclosure and, therefore, there's
13	really no point in discussing somehow or another
14	giving to a non-review entity, which would be the
15	plaintiffs in this case, access to records that are
16	not subject to disclosure, period.
17	But with that clarification, we'll wait to
18	see what plaintiffs say. Thank you, Judge.
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We're
20	going to take a break from this matter and handle the
21	next.
22	(At or about 2:36 p.m., hearing adjourned.)
23	THE COURT: We're back on the record on
24	file 09-759-CZ. Have counsel we have both counsel
25	here at the podium. You've had an opportunity to
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	speak. What is what's the status?
2	MR. KELLMAN: Your Honor, the status is
3	on behalf of the plaintiffs, a couple remarks first
4	and then I'll specifically answer your questions.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MR. KELLMAN: Taking the three requests
7	separately, with regard to the Michigan the
8	request for information on the Michigan children
9	under five years of age detail by drugs and quality
10	indicator, and with respect to the information sought
11	on patients on five or more concurrent behavioral
12	drugs, there was no at any time an identifier
13	information sought, and Mr. Quasarano may remember,
14	and he's certainly able to comment on this if he'd
15	like, these are the documents that he turned over to
16	me in camera previously and then we turned them back,
17	and whatever identifier information there was on
18	these documents had been redacted, and we have never
19	sought it and we do not seek it today. So that I
20	just want the record to be clear on that.
21	THE COURT: Sir, in regard to that?
22	MR. QUASARANO: Yes, Your Honor. As I
23	mentioned before we took our break, those first two
24	categories of records fall clearly within the release
25	of information act, so under the guidance of the
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

1	trial court we allowed Mr. Kallman and his client to
2	look at the records, but it was done under a
3	protective order, so those aren't subject to
4	disclosure under FOIA because of the release of
5	information act language, and that's what the Court
6	of Appeals had determined.
7	As to the third class which Mr. Kellman
8	will be addressing, that was under the privacy
9	exemptions of the FOIA and that's the one I was
10	referring to in terms of an amended request.
11	MR. KELLMAN: So just so we're clear, we're
12	not talking about identifier information on those
13	first two and when that was turned over for a private
14	viewing, whatever identifier information was there
15	had been redacted, and it's those documents that we
16	are currently requesting.
17	THE COURT: But you're requesting them in
18	the redacted form?
19	MR. KELLMAN: Yes.
20	THE COURT: What's the objection in the
21	redacted form exactly?
22	MR. QUASARANO: Well, Your Honor, again,
23	it's because of the interpretation of the release of
24	information act that DCH has decided not to release
25	those records to a third party that does not fall
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, MI 48933

within that limited list of statutory recipients, and as you know from that list and release of information act, it is very specific, so we don't get to the privacy concerns. The only reason there was a redaction is the trial court recognized that if we're going to do a cooperative in camera, not the judge looking at the records but plaintiff and counsel, that at least those identifiers would be removed, so it's not a privacy concern, it's a non-public record concern, and that's the position they've taken.

2 .

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Now, as to the third one?

MR. KELLMAN: As to the third one, we're going to maintain our position. There are licensed numbers that are there and we do think that that is something that has been released. We believe that that defense, if you will, has been waived, and, you know, I can say to the Court that probably within the next 48 hours, based on some information that my client, Mr. Hansen, has gathered from different sources, that he's going to be filing a qui tam complaint through the Attorney General's office as appropriate and there is legitimate reasons for this information to be released. Financial integrity is one of the exceptions under the release of

information exceptions and it doesn't say that if
these exceptions come into play, that it's got to be
a, quote, review entity that receives it. It's not
how it's worded. It says any person.

MR. QUASARANO: I would point out, Your Honor, if I may, that that third category of record has not been denied under the release of information act but under the FOIA's exemption provisions, and there's a confusion here between the bases for exemptions, so that is not relevant to the 13(1)(d) argument. That is not what the DCH indicated, and that's clear in the brief, and that's the one where we indicated that identified version of the record, but as far as pursuing that third category under the release of information act, it was not withheld under that act, so I'm not sure that that projected action is necessary.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. QUASARANO: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: After hearing the arguments and looking at the history here and looking at the cases, I am going to rule in the same vein as the Court of Appeals and the Supreme Court and I am granting defendant's motion for summary disposition pursuant to (C)(7), (8), and (10) for the same reasons that

1	the Court of Appeals and Supreme Court have ruled. I
2	believe that the department has been compliant.
3	MR. QUASARANO: Your Honor, if I may
4	address the Court from here?
5	THE COURT: You may.
6	MR. QUASARANO: Just so we have a complete
7	order to prepare for the record
8	THE COURT: It's been done, counsel. You
9	may approach.
10	MR. QUASARANO: Oh, okay. I was referring
11	to the request for fees, which we're not pressing. I
12	just wanted to make sure that was addressed, that's
13	all. Thank you, Judge.
14	THE COURT: You may approach.
15	Certainly you all can appeal me, provide a
16	motion for reconsideration if I've erred, but I
17	certainly appreciate your time and effort.
18	MR. QUASARANO: Thank you, Judge.
19	THE COURT: Thank you. That's all for the
20	record.
21	(Whereupon hearing concluded at 2:51 p.m.)
22	* * *
23	
24	
25	
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Lansing, MI 48933

1	STATE OF MICHIGAN)) SS
2	COUNTY OF EATON)
3	I, GENEVIEVE A. HAMLIN, Certified Shorthand
4	Reporter and Notary Public in and for the County of
5	Eaton, (Acting in Ingham County) State of Michigan,
6	do hereby certify that the foregoing was taken before
7	me at the time and place hereinbefore set forth.
8	I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT said witness was
9	duly sworn in said cause; that the testimony then
10	given was reported by me stenographically;
11	subsequently with computer-aided transcription,
12	produced under my direction and supervision; and that
13	the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of my
14	original shorthand notes.
15	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my
16	hand and seal this 9th day of October, 2009.
17	
18	
19	
20	Menemer & Danle
21	Genevieve A. Hamlin RPR-CM/CSR-3218 and Notary Public,
22	County of Eaton, State of Michigan.
23	My Commission Expires: 10-8-2011
24	
25	
	30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT 313 West Kalamazoo Lansing, MI 48933