STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL



P.O. Box 30212 Lansing, Michigan 48909

April 2, 2007

- 7.77 - 5 2007

Clerk of the Court Ingham County Circuit Court Veterans Memorial Courthouse 313 W. Kalamazoo Street P.O. Box 40771 Lansing, MI 48901

Dear Clerk:

Re:

Ben Hansen v State of Michigan, Department of Community Health

Ingham Circuit Court No. 06-1033-CZ

A.G. No. 2006021202

Please find enclosed for filing, Defendant's Memorandum of Law. Certificate of Service is also enclosed.

Very truly yours,

Thomas Quasarano

Assistant Attorney General

Opinions and Municipal Affairs Division

homas Zuasarano

Tel No: (517) 373-9100

Fax No: (517) 241-3097

TQ:mr

Enc.

c:

Hon. Beverley Nettles-Nickerson

Alan Kellman

STATE OF MICHIGAN CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE 30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT INGHAM COUNTY

BEN HANSEN,

Case No. 06-1033-CZ HON. BEVERLEY NETTLES-NICKERSON AG#2006021202

> V Jeuline Deel MARILYN REED DEEL

 \mathbf{v}

Plaintiff,

STATE OF MICHIGAN, DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH,

Defendant.

Alan Kellman (P15826) Jacques Admiralty Law Firm, P.C. Attorney for Plaintiff 645 Griswold, Suite 1370 Detroit, MI 48226-4116 (313) 961-1080

Thomas Quasarano (P27982) Assistant Attorney General Attorney for Defendant P.O. Box 30212 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 373-9100

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the attached Defendant's Memorandum of Law was served upon Plaintiff's counsel by mailing the same to him at his address, with proper postage fully prepaid thereon, on April 2, 2007.

STATE OF MICHIGAN CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE 30TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT INGHAM COUNTY

BEN HANSEN,

Case No. 06-1033-CZ HON. BEVERLEY NETTLES-NICKERSON AG#2006021202

V

Plaintiff.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH.

Defendant.

DEFENDANT'S MEMORANDUM OF LAW

The Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), MCL 15.231 et seq, provides for public disclosure of public records. Section 2(e)(i), however, provides that there is a class of public records "exempt from disclosure under section 13 [of the act]." Plaintiff invoked the FOIA for copies of records identified in section 3 of the Release of Information for Medical Research and Education Act (Release of Information Act), MCL 331.531 et seq, as "the record of a proceeding and the reports, findings, and conclusions of a review entity and data collected by or for a review entity." Section 3 states that "[e]xcept as otherwise provided in section 2, [these records] are confidential, are not public records, and are not discoverable and shall not be used as evidence in a civil action or administrative proceeding." (Emphasis added; footnote omitted.) This nondisclosure provision is incorporated in the FOIA at section 13(1)(d): "Records or information specifically described and exempted from disclosure by statute."

Plaintiff raised jurisdiction only under the FOIA, yet at the March 21, 2007, hearing on Defendant's dispositive motion, he alleged entitlement to the records, citing section 2 of the Release of Information Act. Plaintiff failed to file *his own affidavit* to support this claim or to counter Defendant's affidavit. Plaintiff incorrectly asserted that Defendant denied his FOIA

request only because Plaintiff is not a review entity. Under the FOIA, Defendant raised section 13(1)(d) because the information sought does not constitute "public records" and, therefore, is exempted from public disclosure by law. At oral argument, Defendant offered *Dye v St. John Hosp and Medical Cntr*, 230 Mich App 661; 584 NW2d 749 (1998), *as an example* of the non-application of section 2's limited exception to the nondisclosure provisions of the Release of Information Act. In *Feyz v Mercy Memorial Hosp* 475 Mich 663, 681-683; 719 NW2d 1 (2006), the Supreme Court determined that the Release of Information Act is part of a statutory process

Finally, Plaintiff concedes, at page 2 of his supplemental brief, "that the [Dye Court] notes that nothing in Sections 2 and 3 mandates disclosure," but he claims that this is not an issue in the instant case and has not been argued by Defendant. On the contrary, Defendant has raised the applicable legal bases for nondisclosure from the time it issued its partial denial determination under the FOIA through the filing of its motions and briefs.

protecting the confidentiality of the class of records identified in the act.

In summary, where the FOIA provides for the exemption from disclosure of non-public records; where the information is excluded from disclosure under the Release of Information Act; where, as Plaintiff concedes, the section 2 limited exception under the Release of Information Act is not a mandatory provision; and where Plaintiff, in any event, does not fall within section 2, he has no entitlement to the information under the FOIA.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Cox, Attorney General

homas Quasarano

Thomas Quasarano,

Assistant Attorney General

P.O. Box 30212

Lansing, MI 48909

(517) 373-9100

Dated: April 2, 2007