EXHIBIT 11

Page 1

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
ORLANDO DIVISION

IN RE:

SEROQUEL PRODUCTS LIABILTY LITIGATION

CASE NO. 6:06-MD-01769-ACC-DAB

MDL DOCKET NO. 1769

May 28, 2008

Confidential Videotaped
Oral Deposition of MARTIN BRECHER, M.D.,
D.M.Sc., MBA, held in the offices of
Golkow Technologies, Inc., One Liberty
Place, 51st Floor, Philadelphia,
Pennsylvania beginning at approximately
9:00 a.m., before Ann V. Kaufmann, a
Registered Professional Reporter,
Certified Realtime Reporter, Approved
Reporter of the U.S. District Court, and
a Notary Public.

GOLKOW TECHNOLOGIES, INC. One Liberty Place, 51st Floor Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103 877.370.3377

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1	merged entity for six to eight months	1	cursed studies?
2	when I joined.	2	A. Sorry? Any?
3	Q. And you mentioned that	3	Q. Cursed studies.
4	Wayne Geller came over from Janssen a	4	MR. McCONNELL: Objection to
5	little bit after you; correct?	5	form.
6	A. That's right.	6	A. I don't know any cursed
7	Q. Was there any connection	7	studies.
8	between you going to AstraZeneca and	8	Q. Okay. Do you know any
9	Dr. Geller going to AstraZeneca or was	9	studies that you reviewed where smoke
10	it coincidence?	10	and mirrors were used to present them?
11	A. I had given Wayne Geller's	11	MR. McCONNELL: Objection to
12	name to the director of safety as	12	form.
13	someone who was a good worker.	13	A. I don't I heard that
14	Q. Okay. So was he recruited	14	expression in one context, I don't
15	to work at AstraZeneca because of your	15	remember which, but that but
16	recommendation?	16	certainly in my review of the documents
17	A. Possibly. I remember a	17	when I joined the company, it did not
18	conversation with Vikram Dev. I	18	include a reference to smoke and
19	don't and I don't think I would have	19	mirrors.
20	offered. I think, my best recollection,	20	Q. Do you know about study 15?
21	he would have asked, do you know. So it	21	A. Pardon?
22	would have been along the lines, do you	22	Q. Do you know about study 15?
23	know any good safety people.	23	A. Yes.
24	And assuming that was the	24	Q. What was study 15?
	Page 207		Page 209
1	question, I would have said, Yeah, Wayne	1	A. Study 15 was a long-term
2	Geller.	2	study comparing three doses of Seroquel
3	Q. Okay. You trusted his	3	to haloperidol for the prevention of
4	judgment?	4	relapse in schizophrenia.
5	A. Yes, I did.	5	Q. Okay. And when did you
6	Q. He wasn't fired from	6	first become familiar with study 15?
7	Janssen, was he?	7	A. I must have read about it
8	A. No.	8	in reviewing the submission documents to
9	Q. When you started in	9	the FDA and the EEU because it was in
10	December of 1999, did you take some	10	the package.
11	period of time to educate yourself about	11	Q. Okay. Did you ever review
12	Seroquel and what had happened	12	the weight gain data from study 15?
13	previously?	13	A. I can't say. I don't
14	A. I tried.	14	believe the weight gain I don't think
15	Q. Did you take a look at what	15	there was a lot of weight gain data from
16	studies were out there that had been	16	study 15 because, as I understand now,
17	done that were successful studies?	17	only 28 patients actually completed a
18	A. I remember reviewing the	18	year of treatment.
19	submissions to the FDA and the European	19	Q. I'm going to show you what
	countries.	20	was previously marked as Schwartz
1 Z U		1	•
20 21		21	Exhibit No. 41 and now is marked as
21	Q. Okay. Did you review the	1	Exhibit No. 41 and now is marked as Brecher Exhibit 3.
		21 22 23	Exhibit No. 41 and now is marked as Brecher Exhibit 3. (Below-described document

	Page 210		Page 212
1	BY MR. BLIZZARD:	1	
2		1 2	the corporate totem pole, wasn't he? MR. McCONNELL: Objection to
3	Q. Do you see that this is an e-mail or an internal memorandum that's	3	
		1	form.
5	dated February 12, 1997?	5	A. I don't know what position
1	MR. McCONNELL: Objection, foundation.	1	he had in 1997.
6		6	Q. Well, when you knew him, he
7	A. I'm sorry, your question	7	was fairly high up the corporate totem
8	again, please?	8	pole, wasn't he?
9	Q. Do you see this is an	9	A. Yes.
10	e-mail dated February 12, 1997?	10	MR. McCONNELL: Objection to
11	Actually, strike that.	11	form.
12	Do you see this as an	12	A. Yes. He was the
13	internal memorandum dated February 12,	13	Q. Let me try corporate
14	1997?	14	ladder.
15	A. Yes.	15	A. In his role as the head of
16	Q. It says here that it is	16	regulatory affairs for the company,
17	from Richard Lawrence. Do you know who	17	that's a responsible and senior position
18	Richard Lawrence is?	18	within the clinical development
19	A. I never met him, and his	19	organization.
20	name has come up, but he was way before	20	Q. Okay. Now, do you see in
21	my time.	21	this first of all, that this was CC'd
22	Q. Okay. Well, this looks	22	to a Lisa Arvanitis?
23	like it's about almost three years	23	A. Yes.
24	before your time.	24	Q. Do you see that? Do you
	Page 211		Page 213
1	A. That's right.	1	know who Lisa Arvanitis is?
2	Q. It's regarding a	2	A. Lisa Arvanitis was the
3	U.S./Canada investigator meeting and	3	medical leader for Seroquel probably at
4	study 15. Do you know anything about	4	the time of the writing of this e-mail.
5	the U.S./Canada investigator meeting?	5	She had been gone from the company for
6	A. No.	6	some time when I arrived.
7	Q. Did you review any of the	7	Q. So was she in your job as
8	that material when you came on board at	8	of the time of this e-mail?
9	AstraZeneca?	9	A. To the extent I think
10	A. I don't recall ever seeing	10	she was the medical leader for Seroquel
11	material specifically relating to the	11	at the time. I think that's a fair
12	U.S./Canada investigator meeting.	12	guess on my part. Obviously I wasn't
13	Q. Do you see that this	13	there, but I was aware that Lisa
14	distribution of this e-mail went to Don	14	Arvanitis was leading the quetiapine
15	Stribling?	15	effort, and so I think that she had a
16	A. Yes.	16	job roughly analogous to mine.
17	Q. Do you know who Don	17	Q. Okay. Do you see where it
18	Stribling is?	18	says in the e-mail here that: "I am not
19	A. I knew him when he worked	19	100% comfortable with this data being
20	in Japan. He once came to a meeting	20	made publicly available at the present
21	that we had with our Japanese	21	timehowever I understand that we
22	collaborators. And he subsequently was	22	have little choiceLisa has done a
23	the head of regulatory affairs.	23	great 'smoke and mirrors' job!" Do you
24	Q. So he was pretty high up	24	see that?

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	_		·
1	Q. Okay. So he wasn't happy,	1	Witch soliciting comments of the
2	was he?	2	marketing folks and others; correct?
3	MR. McCONNELL: Objection to	3	A. Yes.
4	form.	4	Q. Okay. Did you say "Whoa,
5	A. Well, I think his e-mail	5	Emma, don't go submitting this for
6	speaks for itself. I think he was	6	comment to the marketing people"?
7	expressed concern, I would say. As he	7	A. I did not.
8	said he questioned the rationale for	8	Q. Did you tell her in any way
9	distributing it to the marketing people	9	that she should hold off sending this to
10	for, quote, informal review.	10	marketing for comment because it was
11	Q. And your response is to say	11	inappropriate?
12	I don't see a problem with marketing	12	A. I did not.
13	knowing where we're going; correct?	13	Q. Now, the discussion the
14	A. Yes.	14	SERM meeting that occurred in June of
15	Q. Were you trying to lobby	15	2000, did you attend that in person?
16	the marketing people to support you in	16	A. The June 2000 SERM, yes.
17	the decision to keep "limited" in the	17	Q. Where did it occur?
18	core data sheet?	18	A. It must have occurred in
19	A. I don't think that's where	19	Wilmington.
20	that e-mail is going at all. I think	20	Q. Okay. But you specifically
21	all I'm saying there is I didn't see a	21	have a memory of being there for the
22	problem with marketing knowing what our	22	meeting?
23	position was. And that's what I said	23	A. Not a strong one. You
24	before, before you showed me this	24	know, it's clear from the earlier
	Page 331		Page 333
1	document, I said I didn't see a problem	1	document that you showed me that I was
2	with the marketing people seeing the	2	there. And I don't have a vivid
3	discussion documents prior to the	3	recollection of the meeting, but I do
4	meeting.	4	have a recollection of being there.
5	Q. Well, do you see a problem	5	(Below-described document
6	with soliciting their comments to the	6	marked Brecher Exhibit 18.)
7	discussion document?	7	BY MR. BLIZZARD:
8	A. I think that this it	8	Q. I have handed you
9	would be inappropriate if a drug safety	9	Exhibit No. 18, and it has a number of
10	person would ask for marketing comments,		handwritten notes on it. Are those
11	and I don't think that ever happened.	11	is that your handwriting?
i			
12	This	12	A. Yes.
12 13	This Q. Well, you were I'm	12 13	
	Q. Well, you were I'm		(Below-described document
13		13	
13 14	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document,	13 14	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD:
13 14 15	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed	13 14 15	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that
13 14 15 16 17	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being	13 14 15 16	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your
13 14 15 16 17 18	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel	13 14 15 16 17 18	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of
13 14 15 16 17 18	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel team. And I have offered a possible	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of a meeting in July of 2000?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel team. And I have offered a possible explanation why. And clearly the writer	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of a meeting in July of 2000? A. This is are you talking
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel team. And I have offered a possible explanation why. And clearly the writer wanted to get marketing's view on the	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of a meeting in July of 2000? A. This is are you talking about 19?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel team. And I have offered a possible explanation why. And clearly the writer wanted to get marketing's view on the content.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of a meeting in July of 2000? A. This is are you talking about 19? Q. Yes.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. Well, you were I'm sorry. Go ahead. A. This discussion document, as I said, immediately after you showed it to me, is unusual in that it's being produced by a member of the Seroquel team. And I have offered a possible explanation why. And clearly the writer wanted to get marketing's view on the	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(Below-described document marked Brecher Exhibit 19.) BY MR. BLIZZARD: Q. Before I get to what that says, let me mark as Exhibit 19 to your deposition are these draft minutes of a meeting in July of 2000? A. This is are you talking about 19?

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1	minutes prepared by Emma Witch?	1	June 2000 SERM meeting?
2	A. Yes.	2	Q. Yes.
3	Q. And is Emma Witch shown as	3	A. That's what I think as
4	an attendee at this meeting?	4	well. I just don't see a date on this
5	A. Yes.	5	document. But looking at the cover and
6	Q. Are these other people	6	just quickly glancing through the
7	involved in this meeting, SERM members?		interior, I think this is the discussion
8	A. Wayne is a SERM member.	8	document or a draft of it prepared for
9	I don't know whether or not	9	this as a discussion document for the
10	Paul Duffy would have participated in	10	June 2000 SERM.
11 12	SERM. He was a he is a toxicologist	11 12	Q. Okay. What I would like
13	and was involved in the preclinical work with Seroquel.	13	for you to do for me is to read your
14	Q. Okay. So these meeting	14	handwriting. Sometimes I can read it; sometimes I can't. And I want to make
15	minutes do not reflect the minutes of	15	sure we have an accurate rendition of
16	SERM, do they?	16	your handwritten notes from this
17	A. No.	17	meeting.
18	Q. Okay. This is a separate	18	First, on the first page at
19	meeting that relates to the preparation	19	the top, what does that say?
20	of the FDA response to the on the	20	A. Where it says 1)?
21	diabetes issue?	21	Q. Yes.
22	A. Response to the FDA, right.	22	A. That's angioedema.
23	Q. Okay. Well, we will get to	23	Q. What have you crossed
24	that in a minute then.	24	through at 2)?
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1	Take a look at the	1	A. I think it's "limited"
2	discussion document for Seroquel. These	2	is crossed out.
3	handwritten notes that were made on this	3	Q. Okay. What's No. 3)?
4	document, Exhibit 18, were when were	4	A. It looks like
5	those made?	5	"hyperglycemia" and "diabetes."
6	A. You know, I'm not sure what	6	Q. Okay. Do you know why
7	document this is. I can guess, but	7	"limited" is crossed out in No. 2)?
8	perhaps you could tell me.	8	A. I can't recall.
9	Q. Well, as the title says,	9	Q. Is it possible it relates
10	"Diabetes Mellitis, Diabetic	10	to the weight gain issue?
11	Ketoacidosis, Non-Ketotic Hyperosmolar	11	A. I have no recollection what
12	Coma, and Hyperglycaemia." And it is a	12	I was thinking when I wrote these notes.
13	discussion document regarding Seroquel;	13	Q. Okay. So all you can do at
14	correct?	14	this point is read them to me; correct?
15	A. Yes.	15	A. That's right.
16 17	Q. And it's prepared by Wayne	16 17	Q. Okay. What does the note
18	Geller; correct? A. Yes.	18	on the right-hand margin say that says "OS"?
19	Q. I believe that this	19	A. I think that's "US."
20	document was prepared in advance of the	20	Q. Okay.
21	SERM meeting and was discussed at the	21	A. That makes more sense to
22	SERM meeting. That's my belief. Do you	22	me. And I think to the right of that it
23	recall that?	23	says "involuntary movements."
	A. Are you referring to the	24	Q. Okay. And then it says
24			

F			EI, M.D., D.M.SC., MBA
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1	"CDS"?	1	director.
2	A. "Discussion."	2	Q. Okay. Do you know what the
3	Q. What does "CDS" stand for?	3	"6 cases" references?
4	A. Core data sheet.	4	A. You know, I don't know if
5	Q. Okay. Then on the first	5	it's the same six cases referred to on
6	page out on the left-hand side under the	6	the left.
7	heading "All Findings Presented in This	7	Q. Okay. And what does it say
8	Document Are to Be Subject to Further	8	beneath that? There's an arrow pointing
9	Consideration at SERM," does it say "6	9	down.
10	cases"?	10	
11		1	A. I can't quite read the
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11	first word. And then the second word is
12	Q. What does it say beneath	12	"CDS in line with US PI?" Oh, "bring."
13	that?	13	I think it says "Bring CDS in line with
14	A. Below that?	14	US PI?"
15	Q. Yes.	15	Q. Okay. So there was some
16	A. I can't make out the first	16	question about whether or somebody
17	word. And then it says "time to onset	17	was raising the question of whether the
18	new diabetes 0.5 months." Oh,	18	CDS should be brought in line with the
19	"Median." "Median time to new onset	19	U.S. package insert; correct?
20	diabetes 0.5 months."	20	A. I don't know if that was my
21	Q. Okay. And then in the	21	question or someone else's question.
22	middle of that, just to the right of	22	Q. Okay. And then underneath
23	that note, what does that say? It says	23	that what does it say?
24	"Wayne" at the top and that is	24	A. "Conclusion: Keep issue
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1	underlined?	1	under review."
2	A. Yeah. "Page 8, 2240 base	2	Q. And then under on the
3	rates." And then it says something that	3	bottom of the page what does it say?
4	doesn't make sense to me, gdv or gov. I	4	A. "Of 10 cases from clinical
5	don't know what that means	5	trials," arrow "each source?"
6	Q. Okay.	6	Q. Second page up at the top?
7	A with a question mark.	7	A. "RIS labelled for diabetes,
8	Q. And then over on the right-	8	DKA."
9	hand margin, what does that say?	9	Q. And that's diabetic
10	A. "Emma, MJ - dose	10	ketoacidosis?
11	response." MJ would be Martin Jones.	11	A. That's what the DKA would
12	And then below that	12	stand for.
13	Q. Is Emma Emma Witch?	13	Q. Okay. Under right next
14	A. Probably. I think that we	14	to the "Introduction" section, what does
15	also had an Emma Westhead, but so I	15	that say?
16	don't know which Emma this is referring	16	A. "Criteria used in this
17	to.	17	assessment." It looks like "FBS," which
18	Q. Okay.	18	would be fasting blood sugar, "greater
19	A. And then "Geert - 6 cases,	19	than 126 2 hour post, 75 grams greater
20	conclusions."	20	than 200."
21	Q. So what does "Geert" refer	21	Q. Okay. Can you interpret
22	to?	22	that note?
23	A. Geert would refer to Geert	23	A. Yeah. I think that what
24	deVriese, who was the global product	24	I think it means, without confirming it
	product		

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1	from the text, is that the criteria used	1	A. Yes.
2	in the assessment was either a fasting	2	Q. And you starred that?
3	blood sugar greater than 126 or a	3	A. Yes.
4	two-hour glucose value following 75	4	Q. And do you know why you
5	grams of glucose in other words, a	5	starred it?
6	glucose tolerance test with a value	6	A. No.
7	greater than 200.	7	Q. I assume that you starred
8	Q. Okay. If you go turn the	8	things that were important to you; is
9	page to the next note that we have. It	9	that correct?
10	looks like it's over on Page 6.	10	A. Presumably. I certainly
11	Okay. What does that say?	11	don't I'd have to pore over this
12	A. On the top?	12	document to see what were the common
13	Q. Yes.	13	features of the starred cases. I don't
14	A. "No attribution." And then	14	recall that now.
15	to the right of that it says "16,	15	Q. Okay. Look over at the
16	SPONT," probably referring to	16	next page. Do you see that there's a
17	standing for spontaneous; "10	17	starred event on this page as well?
18	clinical" "10 CLIN trials," referring	18	A. Yes.
19	to ten clinical trials; and "2 lit	19	Q. And the next page, "Loss of
20	reports." So what this is referring to	20	Diabetic Control, Tooth Pain, Insomnia"?
21	is 16 spontaneous reported adverse	21	A. Yes.
22	events, ten clinical trial reports, and	22	Q. Do you see that that event
23	two reports in the literature, and they	23	is starred?
24	are pointing to no attribution.	24	A. Yes.
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1	Q. Okay. Under "CLINTRACE	1	Q. If you look over at Page
2	Database (In House Safety Data),"	2	11
3	there's a note that says "9 cases"?	3	A. Yes.
4	A. "9 cases new onset, 4 DKA,	4	Q do you see a star there?
5	2 new onset, 2 worsening." And then	5	A. Yes.
6	below that is "NKHOC-0." And NKHOC	6	Q. Do you know anything about
7	would stand for nonketotic hyperosmolar	7	why that star is there?
8	coma.	8	A. I don't recall the
9	Q. And then you've got a star	9	principle leading to the starring of
10	next to this particular description of	10	cases.
11	this event of a 43-year-old male with a	11	Q. Okay. If you look over on
12	history of mental illness who developed	12	Page 15, there's a star next to another
13	new onset diabetes. Do you see that?	13	case of hyperglycemia?
14	A. Yes.	14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Do you know why it was	15	Q. Okay. On Page 16
16	starred?	16	A. Yes.
17	A. No. And I'm just curious	17	Q could you read that
18	whether I starred other cases.	18	handwriting for us?
19	Q. I think you did. Look over	19	A. It says "Median?" Below
20	at the next page. Do you see that?	20	that "time to onset." There's text that
21 22	A. Yes.	21 22	reads "The former patient reportedly
23	Q. And this particular case is	23	lost 30 pounds," and then there's a line
24	a diabetes case with weight gain;	24	from that going to a handwritten note
۷4	correct?	44	saying "Type 1 - pattern."

Page 346 Page 348 1 Below that it says "2 cases 1 No positive re, de challenge. No 2 of DKA - weight gain associated." And 2 baseline CHO," referring to no baseline 3 then below that there's a -- it says 3 glucose. "Low number of cases for a "criteria greater than 110" -- it looks 4 4 common condition." 5 like greater than 110 pounds, but I'm 5 That's actually an important 6 not sure what that means. 6 point because diabetes is very common. 7 Q. This relates to reports of 7 And my comment here, I think, reflects 8 8 the view that this is a small number of hyperglycemia. 9 9 A. Oh, I'm sorry. I can -cases for an illness as common as this one on Page 16 on the bottom that 10 10 diabetes, given the exposure that we had the arrow says "criteria greater than 11 11 by 2000. 110 fbs," it's for fasting blood sugar. 12 12 "No mechanism of effect." Q. Okay. And the last page, 13 13 On the right it says "For 14 Page 17, what does the note at the top my part only 4 cases of DKA speaks to 14 15 15 absence of diabetogenic effect." say? 16 A. "Note, Wayne impressed by 2 Below that: "Other 16 17 physicians noting diabetes onset with 17 patients: 1., will get long term data dose increase." from olanz trial. 2., will" --18 18 Q. What's "olanz trial"? 19 Q. Okay. So does that note 19 20 reflect that Dr. Geller was impressed 20 A. That would refer to 21 with the dose-response? 21 olanzapine, but I'm not -- I don't know 22 A. I don't think that 22 what olanzapine trial I was referring represents a dose-response so much as to, unless -- probably given that it was 23 23 2000, it could either have referred to 24 exactly what it says, that two 24 Page 347 Page 349 physicians noted diabetes onset 1 1 the long-term trials that Lilly conducted or to the long-term trial that 2 2 following a dose increase. I don't 3 think that indicates a dose-response. 3 Janssen conducted. 4 Q. It indicates that the 4 And then below that, 5 diabetes onset occurred after the dose 5 "will" --6 6 was increased; right? "Know more?" Q. 7 7 A. That's right. It is Α. "Will" --8 different from a dose-response. 8 Q. -- "know more after 9 Q. Okay. The next item in the 9 response to FDA concludes." 10 middle of the page says what? 10 A. I think so. "Usually no baseline blood 11 11 Q. I may have stared at it glucose. 7 taking drugs associated with longer than you, so whatever you need to 12 12 diabetes. Some reports - scant do to confirm it. 13 13 information" -- "scant inf" meaning 14 14 A. Yeah, I think that's right. 15 scant information -- "no positive de," 15 Q. Okay. So in looking at 16 which means no positive dechallenge or this, you made the -- when you started 16 17 talking about this discussion down here rechallenge. 17 18 What's the next note say? 18 below the line, you may have said, well, Q. 19 "Seroquel may cause 19 here are a couple of important points. 20 impaired glucose regulation in some 20 And then there's these 21 individuals. No signal of Type 1 ie no comments above the line that you read 21 22 negative impact on insulin production." 22 without making a comment about it. 23 Q. Okay. 23 Is it your memory, from 24 Well, that -- "Discussion: 24 looking at this now, that the points

Page 374 Page 376 1 metabolism disorders. Dear Wayne, thank 1 document. you for yoy fax" -- I guess that is 2 2 O. What is the implication 3 supposed to be "your fax" -- "which I 3 when you sign a document? 4 sent to the local authorities." 4 MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 5 5 A. Yes. form. 6 6 Q. And when he actually faxed When I sign a document, I 7 7 it to her, if you look at the -usually -- it means that I wrote this 8 Geller's communication on Page 2, do you 8 document. 9 see where he says: "Hi, Dorothee. The 9 Q. It means you are taking 10 document is 11 pages. I can fax a 10 responsibility for what's in the signed copy to you or mail one. If you document; right? 11 11 prefer the latter, please send me your 12 12 A. Usually. address and I will send it out at O. And that's what it would 13 13 14 once." Do you see that? 14 mean here, wouldn't it, that he was 15 A. Yes. 15 taking responsibility as a global drug 16 safety physician for the statements made Q. And then she sends back and 16 17 says thanks for the fax; correct? 17 in the document? 18 A. Yes. 18 A. I want to say --19 Okay. So, again, 19 MR. McCONNELL: Excuse me. O. 20 Dr. Geller is offering to sign this 20 Objection to form. document before faxing it; right? 21 21 A. I want to say two things: 22 MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 22 I don't know what Wayne -- was going 23 through Wayne's mind and I don't want to form. 23 BY MR. BLIZZARD: 24 24 comment on what it meant that he signed Page 375 Page 377 1 Q. Let me rephrase that. 1 this document. 2 Dr. Geller is offering to sign the 2 Moreover, if we get back to 3 document that was attached; right? 3 the document, I just don't feel that the 4 MR. McCONNELL: Same 4 arguments and the data that are in the 5 objection. 5 document, particularly in the executive 6 6 summary, are supporting the A. Wayne is offering to sign 7 7 conclusions. So -- but, regardless, I the document. 8 Q. Right. and would that 8 don't think that -- I just can't 9 indicate to you, as a reasonable person 9 comment -- I don't know whether this was 10 who conducts business in the way that 10 the document that was mistakenly sent people typically conduct business, that 11 and I don't know --11 12 that is not a draft? 12 O. How do you --13 A. I can't comment on the MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 13 14 form. 14 interaction between Wayne and the Dutch 15 A. I was not involved with 15 authorities because I was not involved 16 16 this correspondence between the Dutch in that transaction. 17 and Wayne. And if Wayne was mistaken 17 O. Well, the e-mail that we 18 about his document, I don't think it just reviewed clearly indicates that the 18 19 matters whether or not he signed it or 19 Dutch authorities were asking for an 20 not. I don't know whether he knew it 20 analysis of glucose metabolism and 21 Seroquel; correct? was a draft or not. And I can't 21 22 comment. I just don't know his 22 MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 23 procedures well enough to comment on 23 form. 24 what's the implication of signing the 24 The Dutch wanted a review

Page 378 Page 380 of cases or an analysis of cases of 1 1 was the one that was submitted to the 2 2 diabetes and glucose metabolism that may Dutch, that contained markedly different 3 3 or may not have been related to conclusions than the one that was given 4 Seroquel. 4 to the FDA, didn't it? 5 5 Q. Right. And people within A. Well, I don't think I've 6 the marketing company over in the 6 looked at the FDA position paper today. Netherlands asked Wayne Geller to submit 7 7 And I think the position stated here is a paper, and he offered to sign and 8 8 at variance with the FDA position paper. 9 faxed this safety position paper to 9 Q. Okay. Well, we can look at 10 the FDA position paper, and we will 10 them: correct? 11 MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 11 probably do that tomorrow. But I mean, without reading it, you know that the 12 12 form. 13 A. Wayne attempted to be 13 company did not write a paper to the FDA saying that there's reasonable evidence 14 responsive to a request and offered to 14 15 15 to -- that Seroquel can cause diabetes sign a document. 16 Q. Now, the Dutch authorities 16 or hyperglycemia in certain individuals? 17 weren't just acting as a single country 17 A. That's right. in Europe at the time with respect to 18 Q. Right. In fact, you never 18 19 Seroquel, were they? 19 sent this safety position paper of 20 The Dutch was a reference 20 Dr. Geller to the FDA, did you? A. 21 member state. 21 MR. McCONNELL: Objection to 22 Q. And the reference member 22 form. 23 state takes the lead for the entire 23 A. I don't think this safety 24 European Union with respect to a 24 position paper was sent to the FDA. Page 379 Page 381 1 particular drug that they are the 1 Q. Right. Even today FDA 2 reference member state for; right? 2 doesn't have this safety position paper, 3 3 A. Right, for those states does it? 4 participating in the process. 4 And I don't think that this 5 Q. Okay. Do you know how many 5 represents the view of AstraZeneca or 6 states in the European Union were 6 the drug safety department at that time 7 7 participating in the process at the time or, for that matter, now. 8 in 2000 when this paper was sent to the 8 MR. BLIZZARD: Objection, 9 Dutch authorities? 9 nonresponsive. A. Well, account -- you know, 10 10 BY MR. BLIZZARD: 11 there were new countries that joined the 11 Q. Now, let me ask you 12 European Union over time, so I don't something that's really on a different 12 recall how many were there in 2000. subject now, and I think with that I'd 13 13 14 What I do know is that 14 like to maybe conclude for the day and 15 15 we will save some additional time for France was not a part of it and we had a 16 separate registration procedure in 16 tomorrow. 17 England and Italy. So that the 17 After the SERM meeting in reference member state would have -- or 18 18 2007 there was a discussion document 19 that role as reference member state 19 that was actually presented at the SERM 20 would have applied to the other Western 20 meeting. And I have a copy of it. I'm not going to attach it today, but I 21 European countries. 21 22 22 think it's about 500 pages long. Do you Q. Okay. Now, this document 23 that we just read the conclusion of that 23 recall that document?

It was a long discussion

24

24

was submitted to the Dutch, assuming it

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Τ	
	Page 943		Page 945
1	Q. Do marketing and commercial	1	company or in response to a request from
2	people at AstraZeneca have any role	2	a regulatory agency.
3	whatsoever in the SERM process?	3	Q. Does the SERM process play a
4	A. They do not.	4	role in determining whether the core data
5	Q. Doctor, as part of the	5	sheet should be changed?
6	preparation for SERM, is safety data	6	A. Yes.
7	review and analyzed?	7	Q. What is the core data sheet?
8	A. Yes.	8	A. The core data sheet is the
9	Q. Could you explain to the	9	best description of the safety profile of
10	jury what type of data is reviewed and	10	the drug and represents the core items
11	analyzed as part of the SERM process?	11	that have to be included in every product
12	A. The SERM reviews should	12	label. So it's that those facts about
13	include, and typically do include, the	13	the safety of the drug that must be
14	data from clinical trials, postmarketing	14	included in every label around the world.
15	surveillance and literature reviews, and	15	Q. When AstraZeneca does
16	sometimes the preclinical data as well.	16	convene a SERM, does the SERM always
17	Q. Is material from the global	17	conclude that the core data sheet should
18	drug safety database reviewed as part of	18	be changed?
19	the SERM process?	19	A. No, it doesn't.
20	A. Yes.	20	Q. Does the SERM always
21	Q. Doctor, did AstraZeneca	21	conclude that the core data sheet should
22	create the SERM process specifically to	22	not be changed?
23	examine the glucose issue relating to	23	A. No, it doesn't.
24	Seroquel?	24	Q. What explains the difference
	Page 944		Page 946
	_		-
1	A. Yes.	1	in those different kinds of decisions?
2	Q. They did that in the spring	2	A. The critical point is
3	of 2000?	3	whether the label accurately reflects the
4	A. The SERM meeting for glucose	4	safety profile of the drug as we
5	was in June of 2000.	5	understand it.
6	Q. Okay. Does AstraZeneca also	6	Q. Does the SERM decision as to
7	use the SERM process at times for other	7	whether or not to change the core data
8	drugs involving other issues?	8	sheet depend in any way upon the
9	A. The SERM process is used for	9	available data?
10	all drugs, all marketed drugs at	10	A. The SERM decision to change
11	AstraZeneca.	11	the core data sheet depends entirely on
12	Q. Does AstraZeneca convene	12	the data.
13	SERMs only to respond to FDA requests?	13	Q. Is the SERM process the only
14	A. No.	14	way that AstraZeneca monitors the safety
15	Q. In your experience, is the	15	of Seroquel?
16	SERM process an effective tool to monitor	16	A. No.
17	the safety of the drug?	17	Q. What other procedures are in
18	A. Yes.	18	place at AstraZeneca to monitor the
19	Q. Why?	19	safety of Seroquel?
20	A. The SERM a SERM meeting	20	A. The drug safety department
21	is called whenever a question or an issue	21	is monitoring safety on a continuous
22	is raised around the safety of marketed	22	basis. And so are the clinical trials
1 ~ ~	madiaina. No that could hannon whathar	23	people. Clinical trials people are
23	medicine. So that could happen whether concerns are raised from within the	24	monitoring safety as the clinical trials

	Page 947		Page 949
1	are ongoing.	1	Seroquel and hyperglycemia or diabetes?
2	Q. Does anyone or any	2	A. SERM decided to keep those
3	department at AstraZeneca monitor adverse	3	issues under review, but not to change
4	events?	4	the core data sheet.
5	A. Primarily drug safety and	5	Q. What did SERM conclude as to
6	also the clinical group.	6	whether there was a causal link between
7	Q. Does AstraZeneca submit	7	Seroquel and hyperglycemia or diabetes?
8	periodic safety updates to the FDA?	8	A. SERM did not conclude that
9	A. Yes.	9	there was a causal link between Seroquel
10	Q. In your experience, did	10	and hyperglycemia or diabetes.
11	AstraZeneca closely monitor the safety of	11	Q. What did SERM conclude in
12	Seroquel?	12	2000 as to whether the data demonstrated
13	A. Yes.	13	reasonable evidence of an association
14	Q. Now, you've discussed the	14	between Seroquel and hyperglycemia or
15	SERM process generally. Are there	15	diabetes?
16	documents that are associated with the	16	A. SERM concluded that the data
17	SERM process?	17	did not show a reasonable evidence of an
18	A. Yes. Prior to a SERM	18	association.
19	meeting there's a discussion document.	19	Q. I want you to take a look at
20	Following the SERM meeting there is	20	a document that the plaintiffs' lawyers
21	either a position paper or justification	21	put in front of you. It's Exhibit 18.
22	document that's prepared.	22	Could we get a look at that?
23	Q. What's the purpose of a	23	Doctor, first of all, do you
24	discussion document for SERM?	24	remember taking a look at Exhibit 18, I
	Page 948		Page 950
1	A. A discussion document is	1	don't know if it was yesterday or the
2	written so as to inform the discussions	2	day I think it was the day before
3	at SERM of all the relevant facts.	3	yesterday?
4	Q. What's the purpose of a SERM	4	A. Yes, I remember.
5	position paper?	5	Q. Could you turn to the last
6	A. A SERM position paper is	6	page, please?
7	that is a paper that is written after	7	A. Yes.
8	a SERM meeting when the core data sheet	8	Q. Do you see handwritten notes
9	is not changed on a particular issue.	9	on that page?
10	And it reflects the reasoning as to why	10	A. Yes.
11	the core data sheet is not changed on	11	Q. And that's your handwriting.
12	that point.	12	Is that right?
13	Q. Now, we talked about the FDA	13	A. Yes.
14	request in May of 2000 regarding glucose	14 15	Q. I want to direct your
15	data. Did you participate in a SERM in	16	attention to the handwritten notes that are underneath the typed section of the
16 17	2000 regarding glucose issues? A. Yes.	17	page. Do you see what I'm talking about?
18	Q. Was there, in fact, a	18	A. Yes.
19	discussion at AstraZeneca at the SERM	19	Q. All right. Do you recall
20	regarding glucose data?	20	testifying on Wednesday that those notes
21	A. Yes.	21	were your reflections on reading the
22	Q. What did that SERM conclude	22	document?
23	regarding whether there was reasonable	23	A. Yes.
24	evidence of an association between	24	Q. I want to get you to focus
124			WI A TIME TO MAKE TOWARD TOWARD

1.6

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questions now about another trial, it's one that you've been asked some questions about. I want to give you an opportunity to describe it to the jury. That's trial 125. Were you involved with trial 125?

A. Yes.

- Q. Could you explain to the jury what trial 125 is?
- A. Trial 125 was an effort by AstraZeneca to understand the effects of Seroquel on glucose metabolism. And to do that we used a more sensitive assay even -- than even the fasting glucose. We used the glucose tolerance test. That's very important because the glucose tolerance test becomes abnormal earlier in the course of diabetes than the fasting blood sugar so it was a sensitive test for the emergence of diabetes. We --
- Q. Would it be -- I'm sorry, keep going.
- A. We measured the area under the curve for the two hours of the

D15 Page 1017

- Q. Would it be absolutely accurate to describe trial 125 as a diabetes study?

 A. No. it was not a diabetes
 - A. No, it was not a diabetes study. It was an attempt to look at the effects of Seroquel on glucose metabolism measured by the two-hour glucose tolerance test.
 - Q. I just asked you about whether you can call 125 a diabetes study. Are there any ethical constraints to conducting a study that a scientist would actually be able to call a diabetes study?
 - A. I think it will depend on the design. There are a lot of different design possibilities, and one -- it would depend -- you know, ethical issues in the study would depend on what was actually being done. One point about this study was that every patient received active medication. We could not use a placebo in this trial because it would have been unethical to deprive patients of

Page 1016

glucose tolerance test, and that, too, is a sensitive measure of whether there's an effect of a drug on glucose regulation. That was -- that's one important point.

The second important point was that we hospitalize the patients overnight both at baseline at week 12 and at week 24. And, therefore, we could be sure or as sure as one could reasonable want that the patients had not eaten prior to the exam both at baseline and at week 24.

Third, we were able to find patients who had not been previously exposed to atypical antipsychotics, so we were measuring -- we were studying relatively naive patients, and so we were able to look at results independent of what the patients had been on before. And lastly, the study was a long study, it was 24 weeks, and so we were able to have a good assessment of what the

prolonged effect of treatment was on

patients' glucose metabolism.

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medication for 24 weeks.

- Q. Did the FDA or any other government body require AstraZeneca to conduct trial 125?
- A. This was done on our initiative.
- Q. When did AstraZeneca decide to start designing and planning trial 125?
- A. The decision to conduct that trial was made in November 2002.
 - Q. Why then?

A. That was shortly after we had received a strong label change in Japan and -- requiring us to provide warnings and I believe a contraindication for the use of Seroquel in patients with diabetes. And we recognized that we did not have sufficient data to address concerns that other regulatory agencies might have, and, therefore, we wanted to collect data that could establish, as best we could, the fact that Seroquel did not cause diabetes or it is not

Page 1019

associated with glucose metabolism. And conversely, if Seroquel was associated with disorders of glucose metabolism, we wanted to know and we wanted to have the data in which to -- to be sure that that was the case so we could write the label accordingly.

1.8

- Q. Why did AstraZeneca include Risperdal in trial 125?
- A. We wanted to compare
 Seroquel to the two other comparators -to two competitors on the market. We
 wanted to make sure that everybody got
 medication. The study was, therefore,
 able to compare all three drugs for their
 effects on glucose metabolism. And the
 study was able to look at the effects on
 each drug relative to the others as well
 as the change in each drug compared to
 baseline.
- Q. Why didn't AstraZeneca start planning trial 125 prior to the year 2002?
 - A. We -- prior to the Japanese

Page 1021

- that time did not show -- did not provide
 any evidence that Seroquel caused
 diabetes or abnormalities in glucose
 regulation.
 O. Prior to the planning of
 - Q. Prior to the planning of trial 125, did the postmarketing surveillance data reveal evidence of a causal link between Seroquel and diabetes or hyperglycemia?

MR. PIRTLE: Leading.
THE WITNESS: The
postmarketing data did not provide
data showing a causal link between
Seroquel and diabetes.

BY MR. McCONNELL:

- Q. At the time that you started planning trial 125 in the fall of 2002, were you aware of any trial like it that any company had ever done?
- A. I was not aware of any such trial. I thought this was innovative on our part.
- Q. And in terms of numbers of patients, was trial 125 a large clinical

Page 1020

Page 1022

action, we thought that our -- that the data that we had gathered, particularly the summary prepared for the FDA in August of 2000, had established that Seroquel was not associated with diabetes or abnormalities in glucose metabolism.

The Japanese regulatory action made it clear that our data was not persuasive, at least to them, and so we wanted to do two things as I just said, gather data that would allow us to persuade another regulatory agency that might have had a concern; or conversely, if there was than effect of Seroquel on glucose metabolism, we wanted to show and demonstrate it to ourselves.

Q. Prior to the planning of trial 125, in your mind, had the preclinical and clinical studies that supported the FDA initial approval of Seroquel revealed any evidence that Seroquel could cause glucose dysregulation?

A. The evidence that we had at

trial?

- A. Yes. We enrolled 500 patients, a little over 500 patients, and that's a moderate to large size trial, especially for one that's going for 24 weeks.
- Q. Did AstraZeneca consult with outside experts on the design of trial 125?
 - A. I believe so.
 - Q. Who did you consult with?
- A. I'm not sure. I don't recall precisely who we consulted with. Probably -- I think we consulted with Woolf and Goldstein. I don't recall for sure. Possibly consulted with John Newcomer. Again, I don't recall for sure.
- Q. Does it take a long time to get a trial --
 - A. Let me finish.
 - Q. I'm sorry, go ahead.
- A. We probably also consulted with endocrinologists within the company.

64 (Pages 1019 to 1022)

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	Page 1031		Page 1033
1	A. That result is an important	1	of tape number four. We're back
2	one. The primary result of the trial as	2	on the record at 2:52.
3	stated in the protocol was the area under	3	BY MR. McCONNELL:
4	the curve from zero to two hours of the	4	Q. Doctor, did you manage to
5	glucose of the glucose values	5	find the fasting glucose results for
6	following the ingestion of 75 grams of	6	Seroquel?
7	glucose. And what you can see in Table	7	A. Yes.
8	S4 is that the change from baseline for	8	Q. What were the results?
9	Seroquel was not statistically	9	A. The change from base
10	significant at week 24 compared to	10	MR. PIRTLE: Could you point
11	baseline, while the change from baseline	11	me to the page? It's a big
12	from both olanzapine and risperidone was	12	document.
13	statistically significant.	13	THE WITNESS: Page 156. The
14	So in terms of the area	14	change at week 24 in the
15	under the curve of the glucose tolerance	15	quetiapine group was .177
16	test, both olanzapine and risperidone	16	millimeters per liter.
17	showed a statistically significant	17	BY MR. McCONNELL:
18	worsening, whereas quetiapine did not.	18	Q. In the context of all the
19	Also in Table S5 when you	19	results of trial 125, did you find the
20	compare the change from baseline in the	20	results reassuring or not in terms of
21	area under the curve, the difference	21	whether there was a connection between
22	between quetiapine and olanzapine was	22	Seroquel and glucose dysregulation?
23	statistically significant, obviously	23	A. We found it very reassuring.
24	olanzapine was worse, and the	24	Q. Why is that?
	Page 1032		Page 1034
1	olanzapine-quetiapine difference was	1	A. Because the change in the
2	statistically significant in favor of	2	area under the curve, which is the
3	quetiapine. The difference between	3	primary assessment, was not did not
4	quetiapine and risperidone was not	4	change significantly between baseline in
5	statistically significant.	5	week 24, and also because there was no
6	Q. At week 24, can you tell if	6	change at all in the two-hour value, that
7	there was a what sort of increase, if	7	is the blood glucose value two hours
8	any, there was from baseline and fasting	8	after glucose challenge showed no change.
9	glucose for people who were using	9	That value typically begins to go up as
10	quetiapine?	10	diabetes emerges. And the fact that
11	A. We have to go it's not	11	there was no change in that value after
12	here. That the answer to that	12	24 weeks on Seroquel was also reassuring.
13	question I don't think is in the summary.	13	Q. Doctor, I want to direct
14	I'm going to have to go into the body of	14	your attention to other studies now,
15	the document to find that.	15	studies 126 and 127. My first question
16	MR. McCONNELL: Go off the	16	to you is, did AstraZeneca collect
17	record for a second.	17	fasting glucose samples in trials 126 and
18	VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the	18	127?
19	record at 2:41.	19	A. We attempted to and we
20		20	also and we collected the time since
21	(A recess was taken from	21	the last meal, which will enable us to
22	2:41 p.m. to 2:52 p.m.)	22	ascertain whether reasonably ascertain
23		23	whether the sample was fasted or not.
24	VIDEOGRAPHER: The beginning	24	Q. Can you explain to the jury

Page 1035 Page 1037 1 what it was that was studied in trials 1 the glucose results from those studies? 2 2 126 and 127? A. Yes. 3 3 A. Trials 126 and 127 were O. Did vou, in fact, do an 4 designed to show that Seroquel could 4 extensive reanalysis of the results? 5 prevent relapse in patients with bipolar 5 A. We did extensive additional 6 disorder. It was a complicated trial 6 analyses of the results of the glucose 7 insofar as we studied patients who 7 parameters. 8 either -- had recently had or were having 8 O. And why did you do that 9 either a manic episode or an episode of 9 extensive reanalysis? depression and who had recovered on 10 10 A. What we found in the pooled 11 Seroquel and the mood stabilizer. And 11 safety results was changes in blood then we randomly assigned patients to glucose of similar magnitude that we had 12 12 continue on the combination or on the observed before. We also saw similar 13 13 14 mood stabilizer alone. It was a -- it 14 changes in hemoglobin A1c of the took a long time to recruit the number of magnitude we had seen before. But in 15 15 this trial, there were seven reports, patients. And it was a long time to 16 16 17 accumulate the number of relapses. And 17 seven adverse event reports of diabetes. 1.8 we conducted that study twice in order to 18 six of which occurred in the Seroquel patients and only one occurred in the 19 be sure of the result. 19 20 20 placebo patients. And that could have Q. What was the primary endpoint of 126 and 127? 21 been a matter of chance, but we wanted to 21 22 A. The primary endpoint was 22 investigate whether or not there was a relationship between Seroquel and the relapse of -- having a relapse of either 23 23 24 a manic episode or a depressed episode. 24 emergence of diabetes. And we undertook Page 1036 Page 1038 1 an extensive analysis of all of the data 1 O. Were trials 126 and 127 2 designed to determine if Seroquel can 2 in that trial. 3 cause hyperglycemia? 3 O. Did that extensive 4 A. No. 4 reanalysis involve endocrinologists 5 Q. Nevertheless, did 5 employed by AstraZeneca? 6 AstraZeneca collect fasting glucose 6 A. Yes. 7 samples from the patients to monitor the 7 Q. Did that reanalysis involve glucose issues? 8 8 an endocrinologist who is not employed by 9 9 A. Yes. AstraZeneca? O. What were the efficacy 10 10 After extensive review and 11 results of trials 126 and 127? 11 discussion internally, we presented the 12 A. Both 126 and 127 were 12 results to an external endocrinologist. 13 13 O. And after an external robustly positive showing the decrease in relapse rates to both manic events and discussion and after getting the results 14 14 15 depressive events. 15 from the endocrinologist, was there a consensus among the SERM team about what 16 Has AstraZeneca submitted 16 17 the results of trials 126 and 127 to the 17 the data revealed? 18 18 A. There was consensus among FDA? 19 the clinical team that we took to SERM 19 A. We submitted to the FDA and 20 20 and we -- the data showed that there was the indication was approved about two weeks ago. an increase in the -- of about twofold in 21 21 22 Q. Prior to the submission of 22 the rate of emergent hyperglycemia in the results of 126 and 127 to the FDA, 23 23 patients who took Seroquel and a mood

stabilizer compared to those that took a

did there come a time when you analyzed

24

24